

# Tizen Native Development Tips to Save Time & Trouble

## Tizen Developer Conference 2015 深圳，中华人民共和国 Shenzhen, People's Republic of China

Carsten Haitzler <c.haitzler@samsung.com>

Master Engineer Samsung Electronics, Korea  
Enlightenment / EFL Founder



# Tizen Development Today

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HTML5



HTML5



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HTML5 + Native



HTML5 + Native



HTML5



HTML5 + Native



Why Native or HTML5?

# Pros & Cons

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+ Re-use Web Technologies

+ Smaller

+ Faster

+ ...



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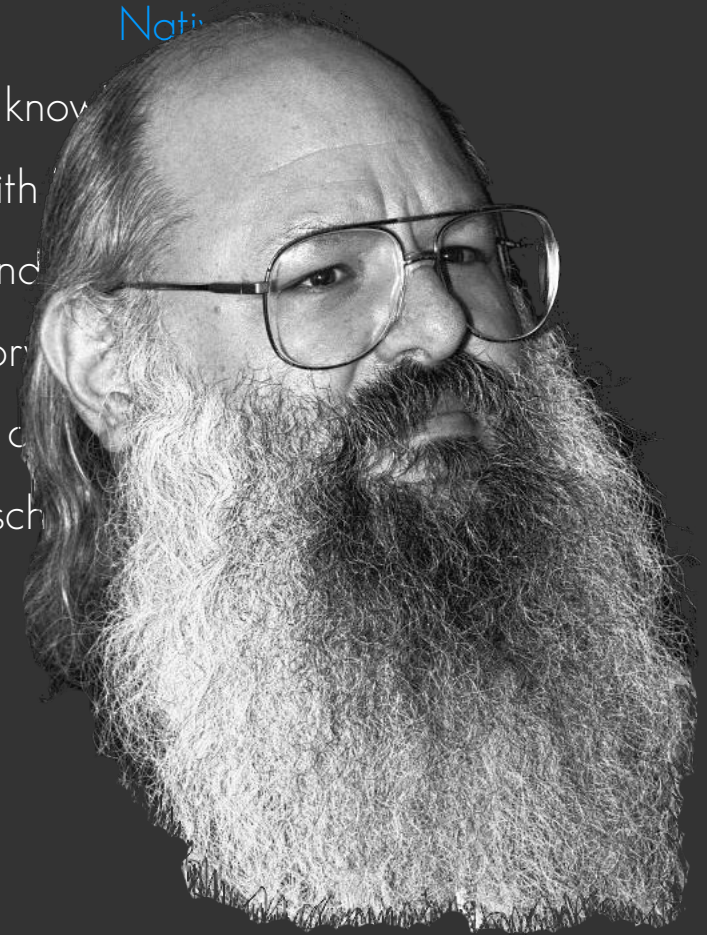
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- Different APIs to other platforms



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  - Other open source project APIs supported like cURL, libEXIF, libXML, Sqlite etc.

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- So if you have Questions - Please Ask    I don't bite

Tips to make your life easier

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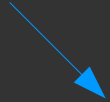


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  - Links at end of presentation

# Anatomy of the Application Core

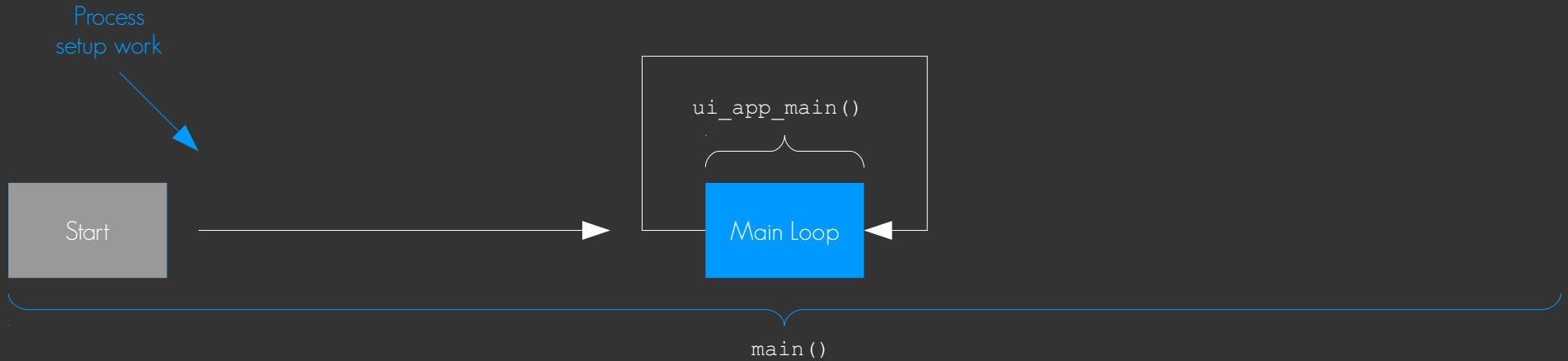
Process  
setup work



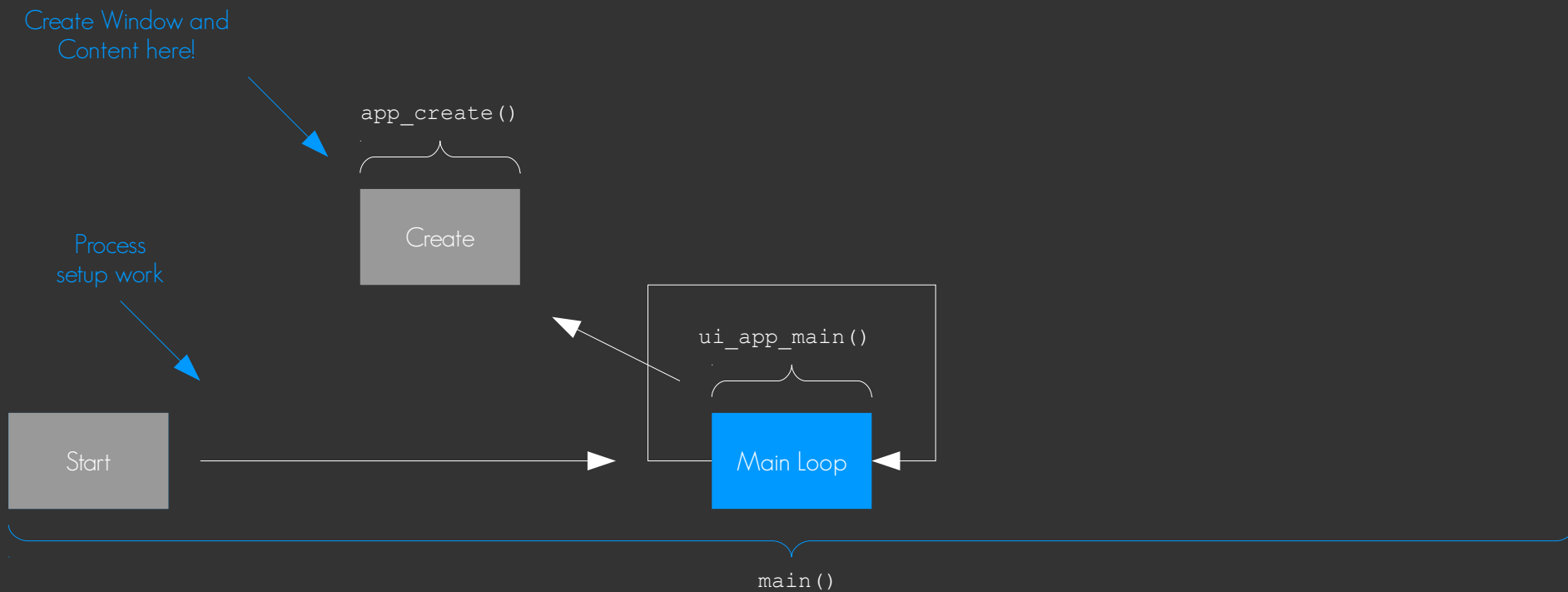
Start

main()

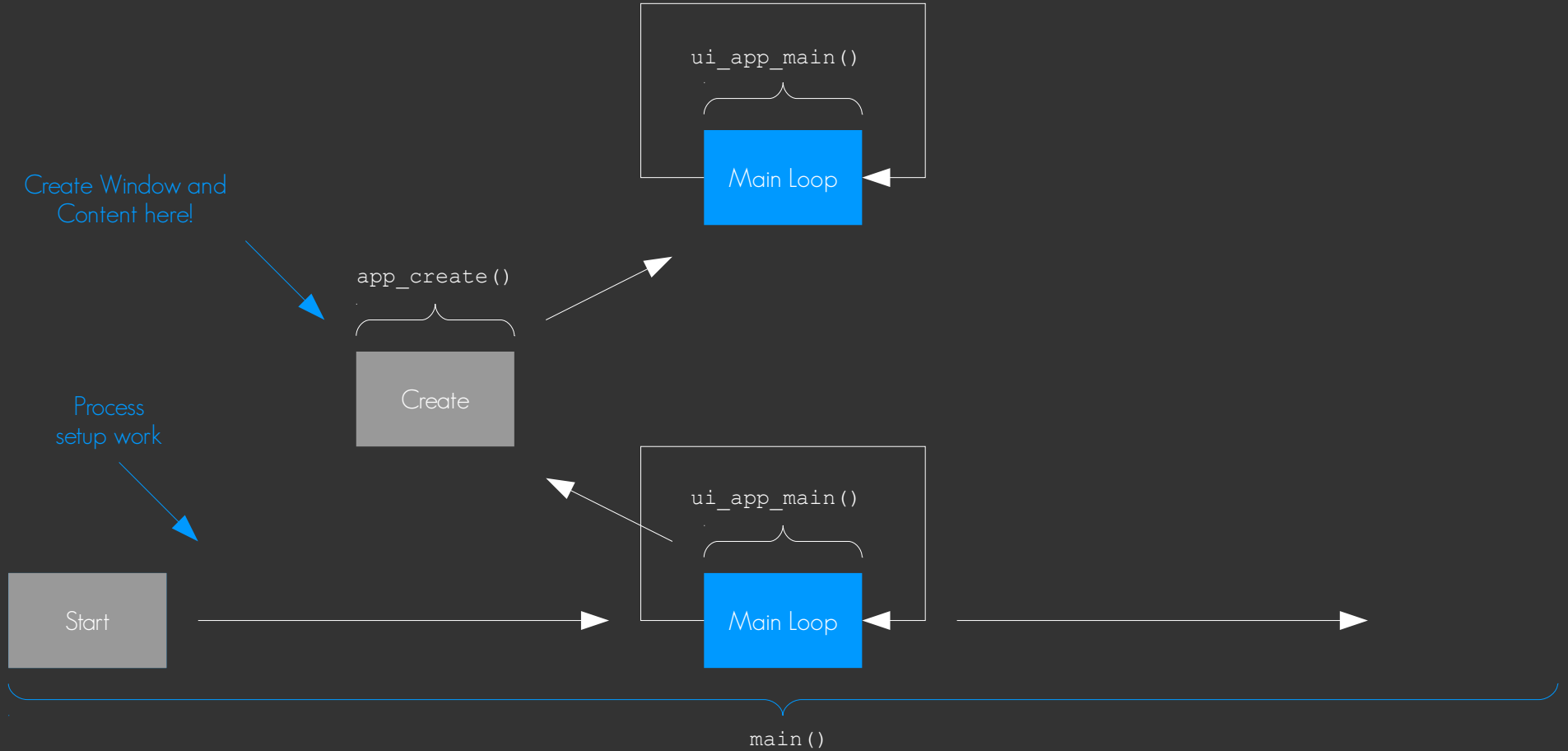
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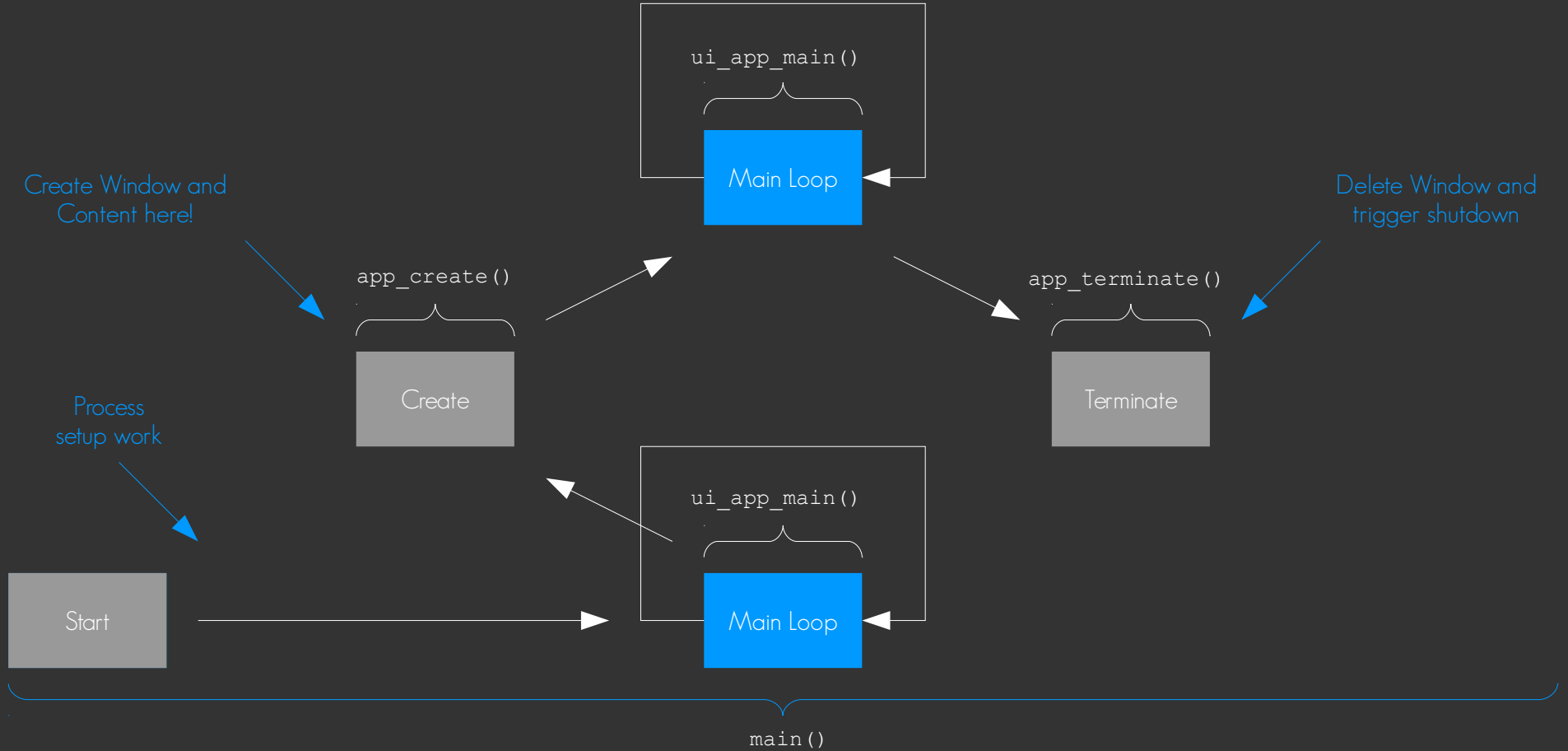
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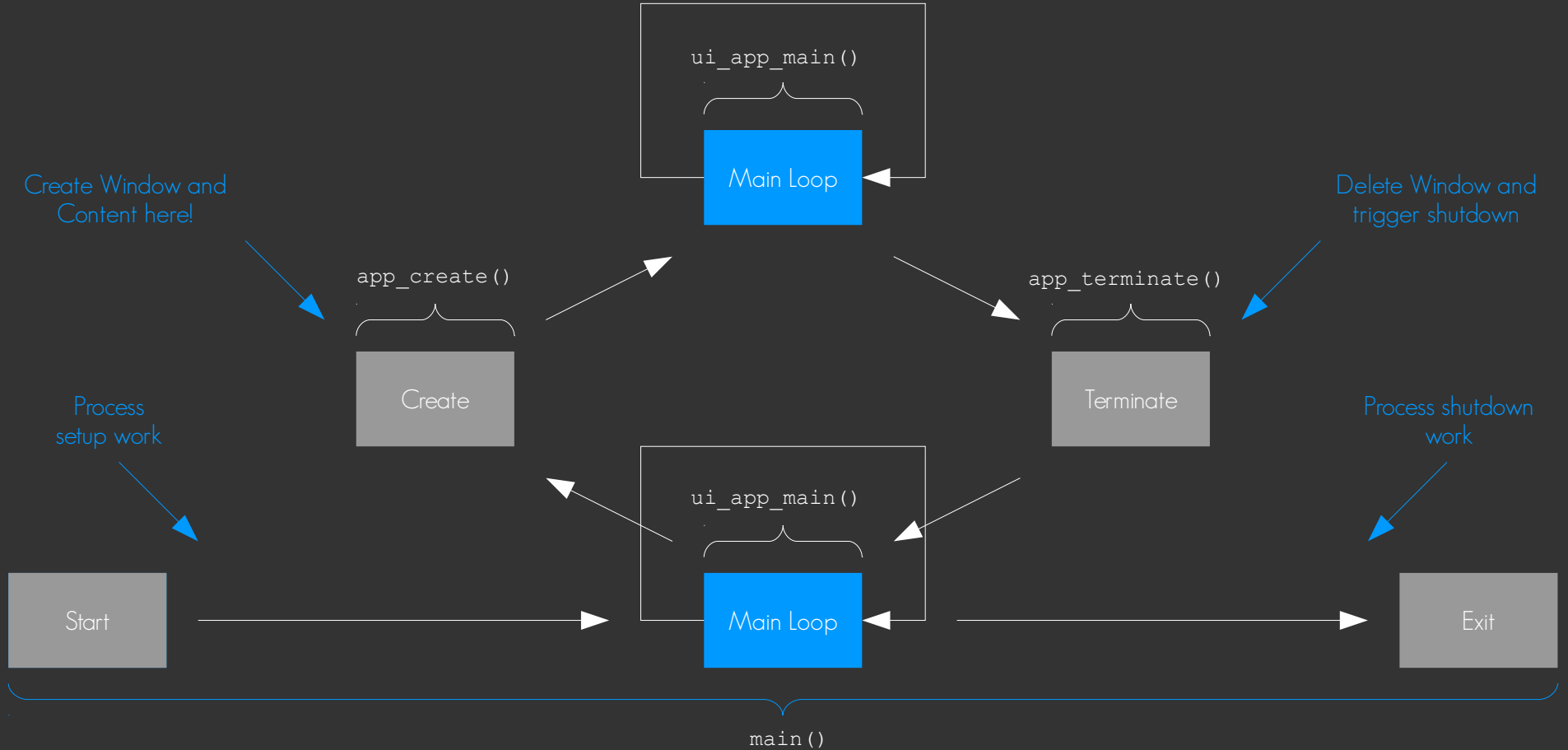
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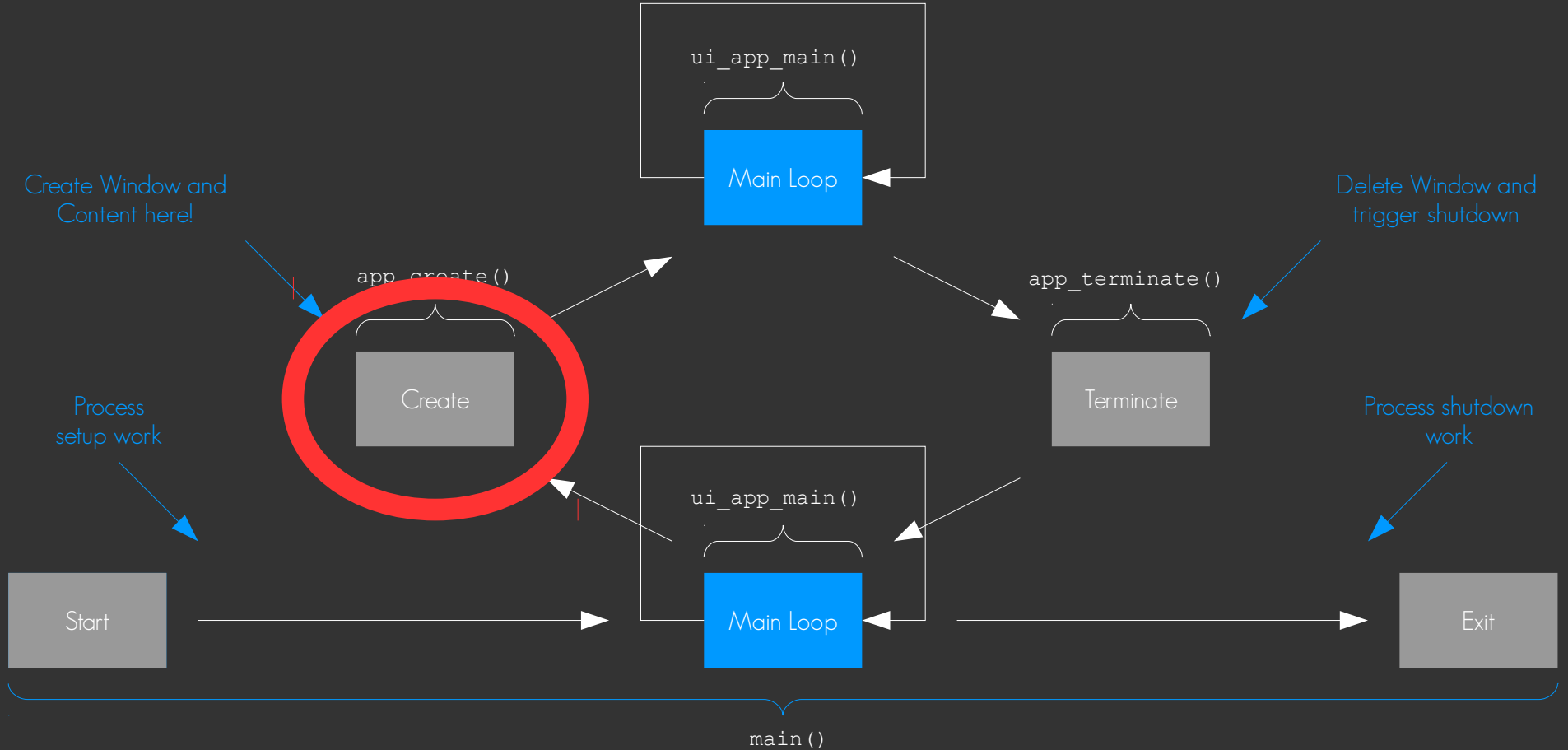
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# Now ... Creation of your UI





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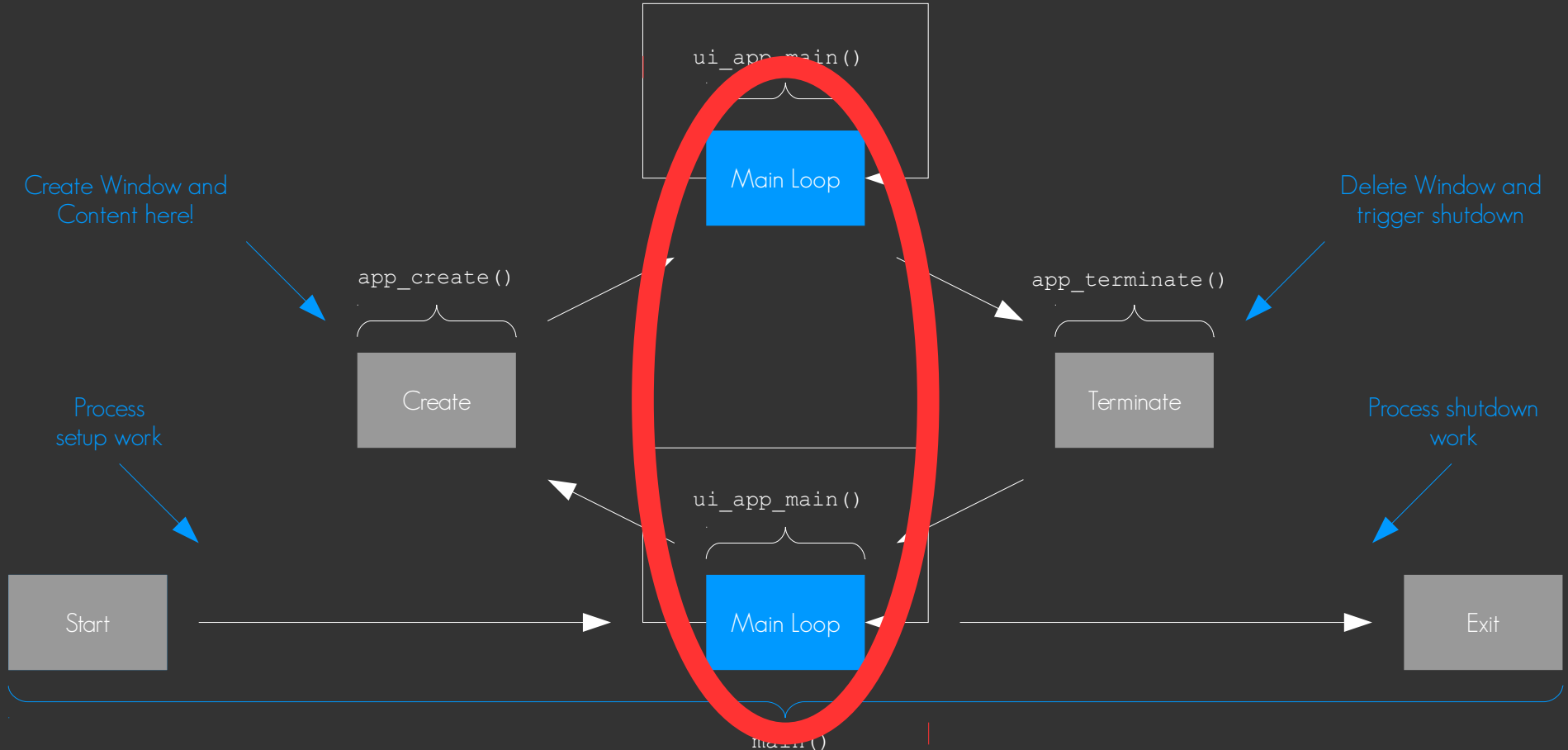
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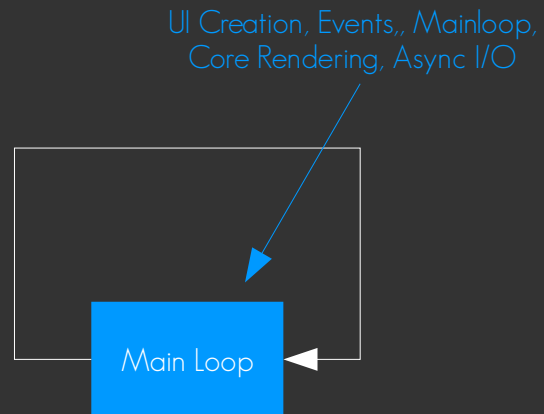
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- Show window
- ... Let main loop run and call callbacks

# Now ... Mainloop Interactions

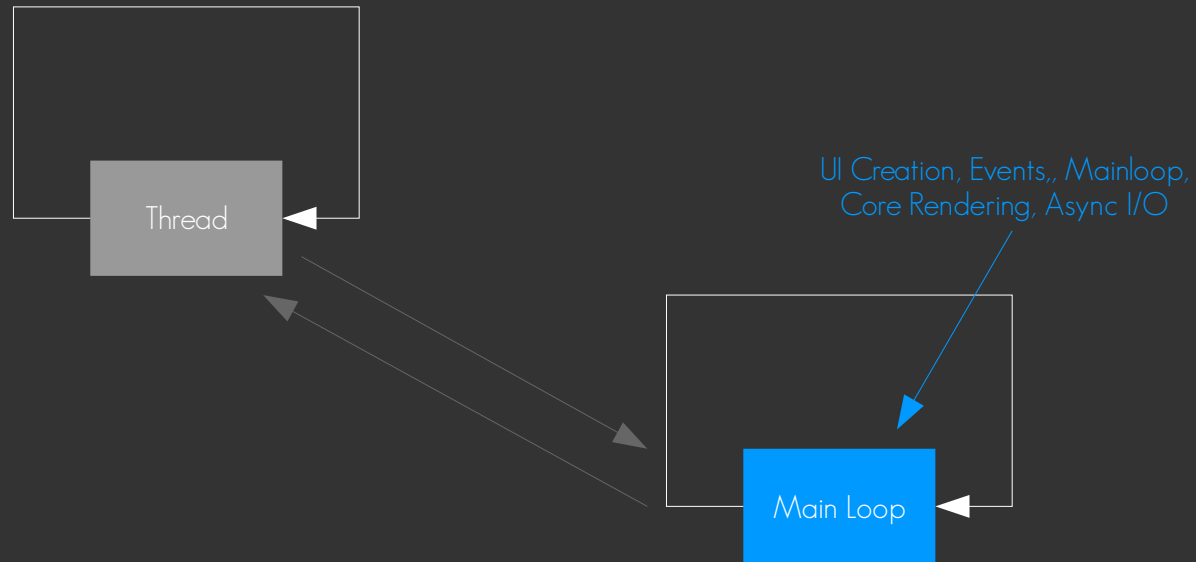




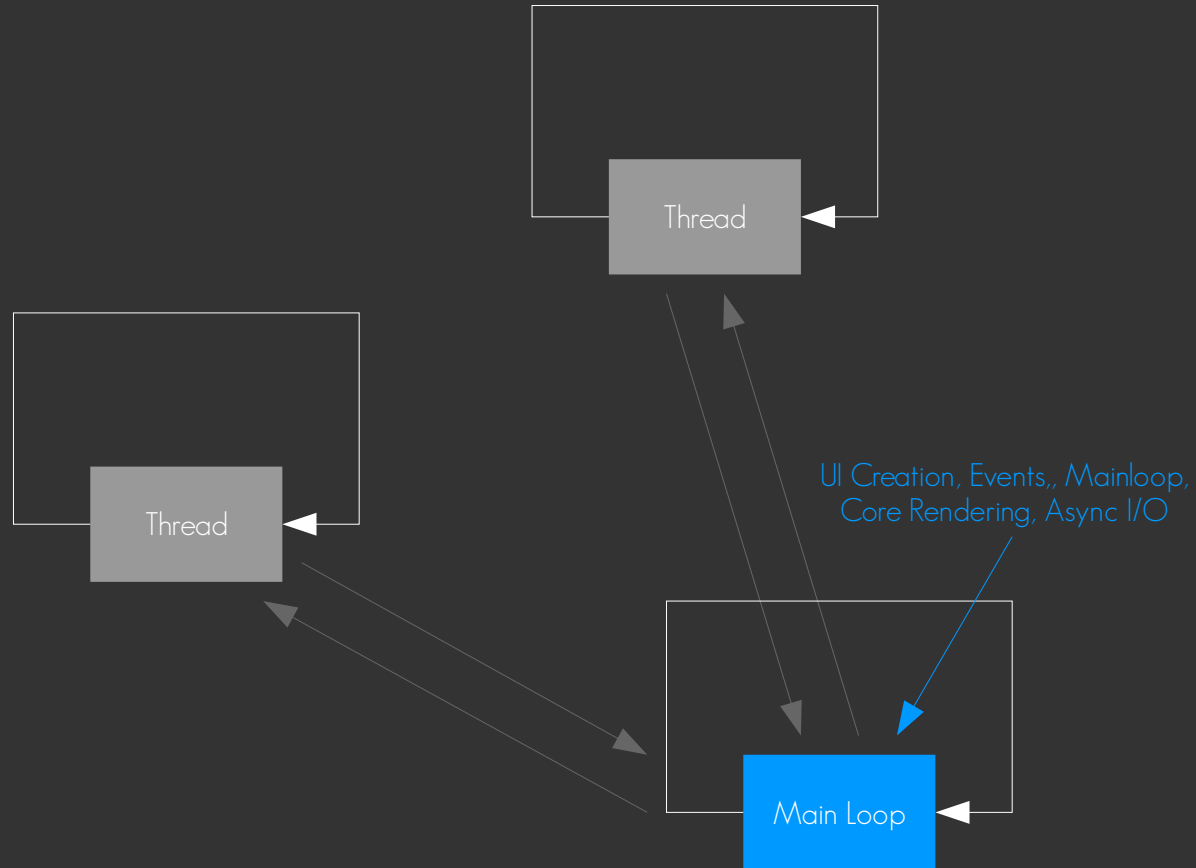
# Application Core & Threads



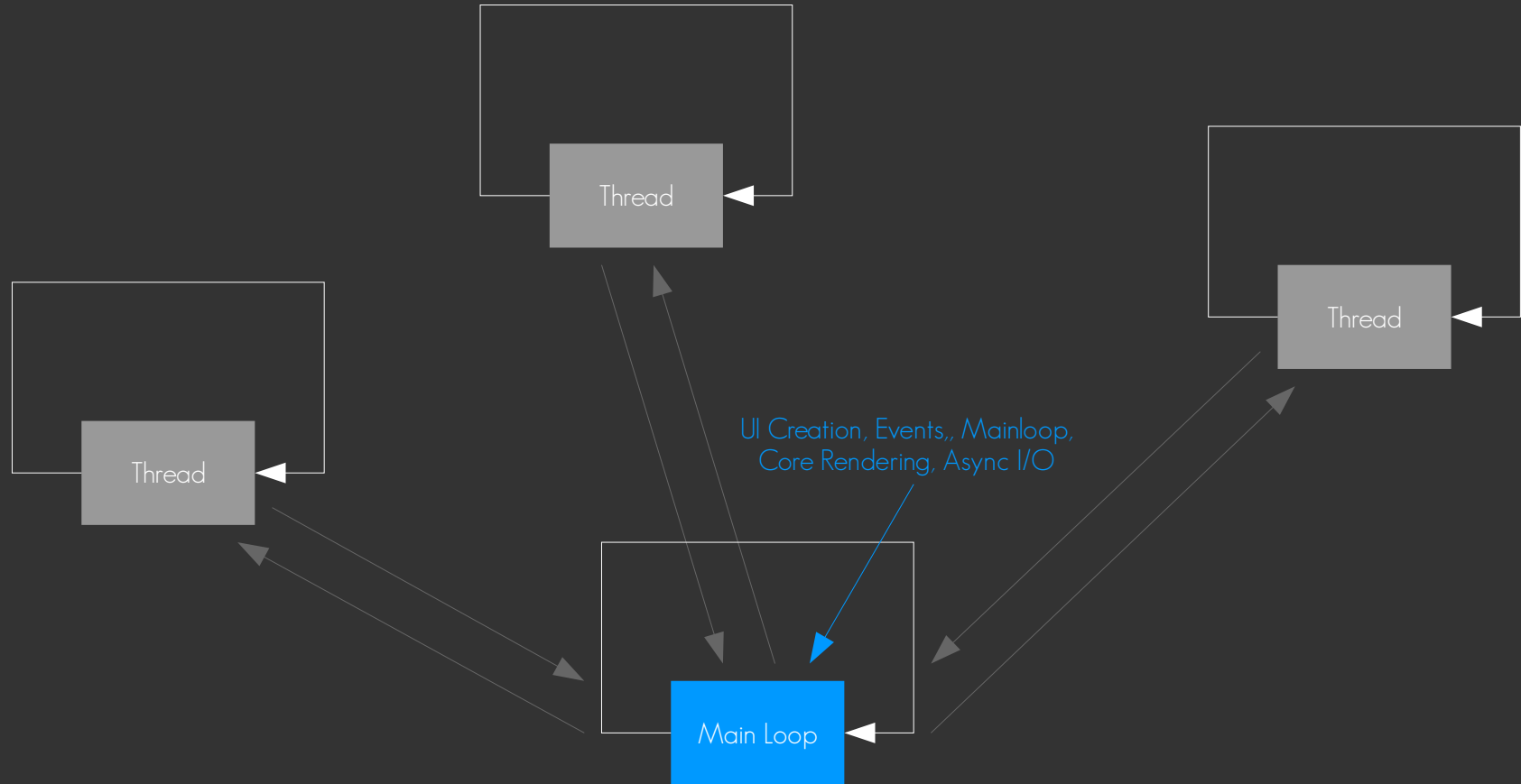
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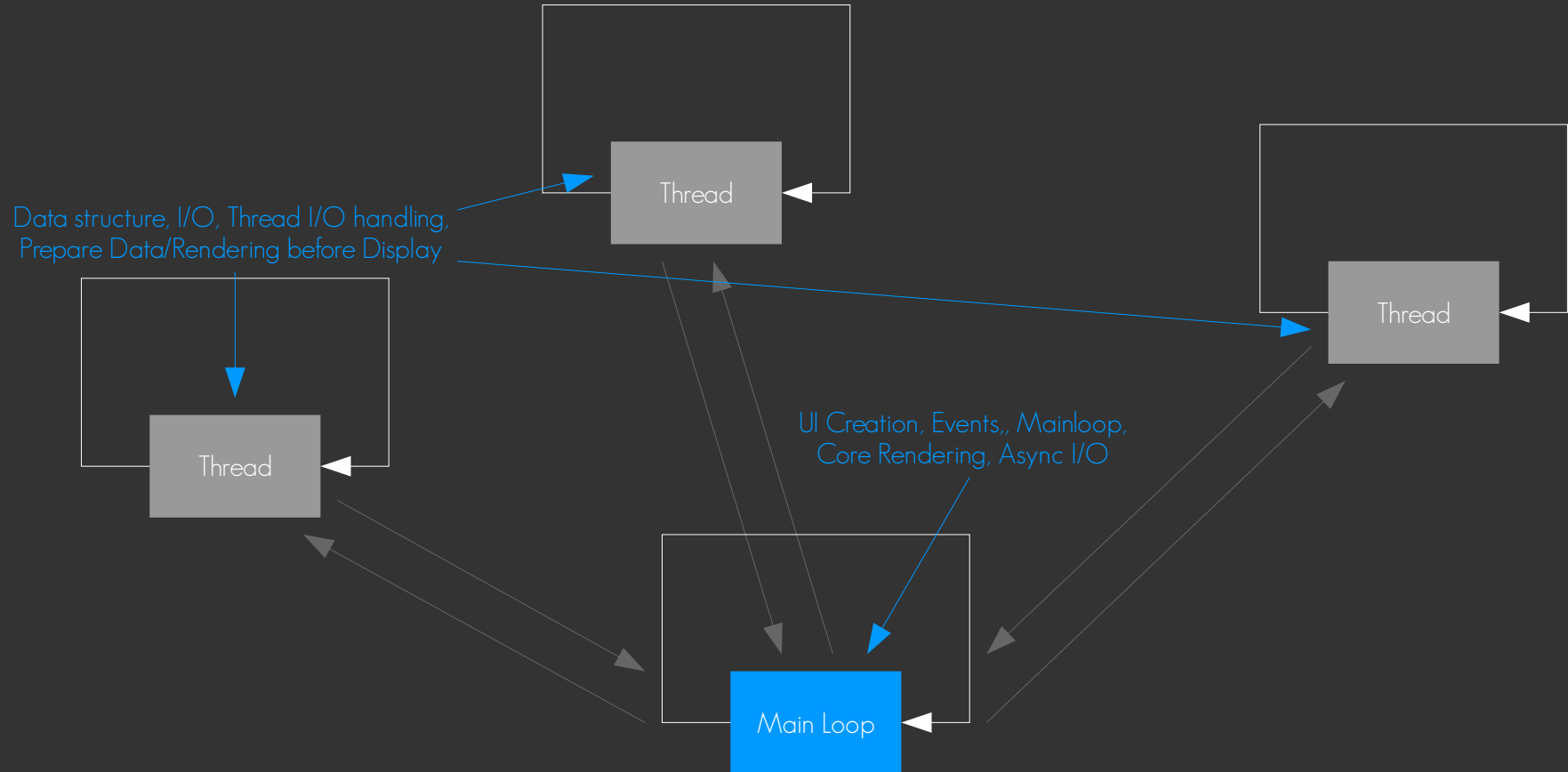
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LibC Calls...

```
eina_...  
ecore_main_loop_thread_safe_call_async()  
ecore_main_loop_thread_safe_call_sync()  
ecore_thread_main_loop_begin()  
ecore_thread_main_loop_end()  
ecore_thread_check()  
ecore_thread_feedback()  
ecore_thread_reschedule()  
ecore_thread_local_data_add()  
ecore_thread_local_data_set()  
ecore_thread_local_data_find()  
ecore_thread_local_data_del()  
ecore_thread_global_data_add()  
ecore_thread_global_data_set()  
ecore_thread_global_data_find()  
ecore_thread_global_data_del()  
ecore_thread_global_data_wait()  
ecore_pipe_write()  
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## Main Loop Only

```
elm_...
evas_...
edje_...
ecore_...
...
```



Call “Main Loop” Calls from Thread

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```
...
ecore_thread_main_loop_begin(); { // Begin main loop code
    ...
    timer = ecore_timer_add(42.0, my_timer_callback, NULL);
    evas_object_move(my_object, x, y);
    ...
} ecore_thread_main_loop_end(); // End main loop code
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Very simple & easy way to call rare blocks of code  
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or

```
...
void my_main_loop_code(void *data) { // Begin main loop code
    My_Data *my_data = data;
    ...
    timer = ecore_timer_add(42.0, my_timer_callback, NULL);
    evas_object_move(my_data->obj, my_data->x, my_data->y);
    free(my_data);
    ...
} // End main loop code
...

// Queue function to be called in the main loop
My_Data *my_data = calloc(1, sizeof(My_Data));
my_data->x = x;
my_data->y = y;
my_data->obj = my_object;
ecore_main_loop_thread_safe_call_async(my_main_loop_code, my_data);
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```

Very efficient way to call code async very frequently from thread in main loop context

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- See Tizen and Elementary docs for more threading usage examples

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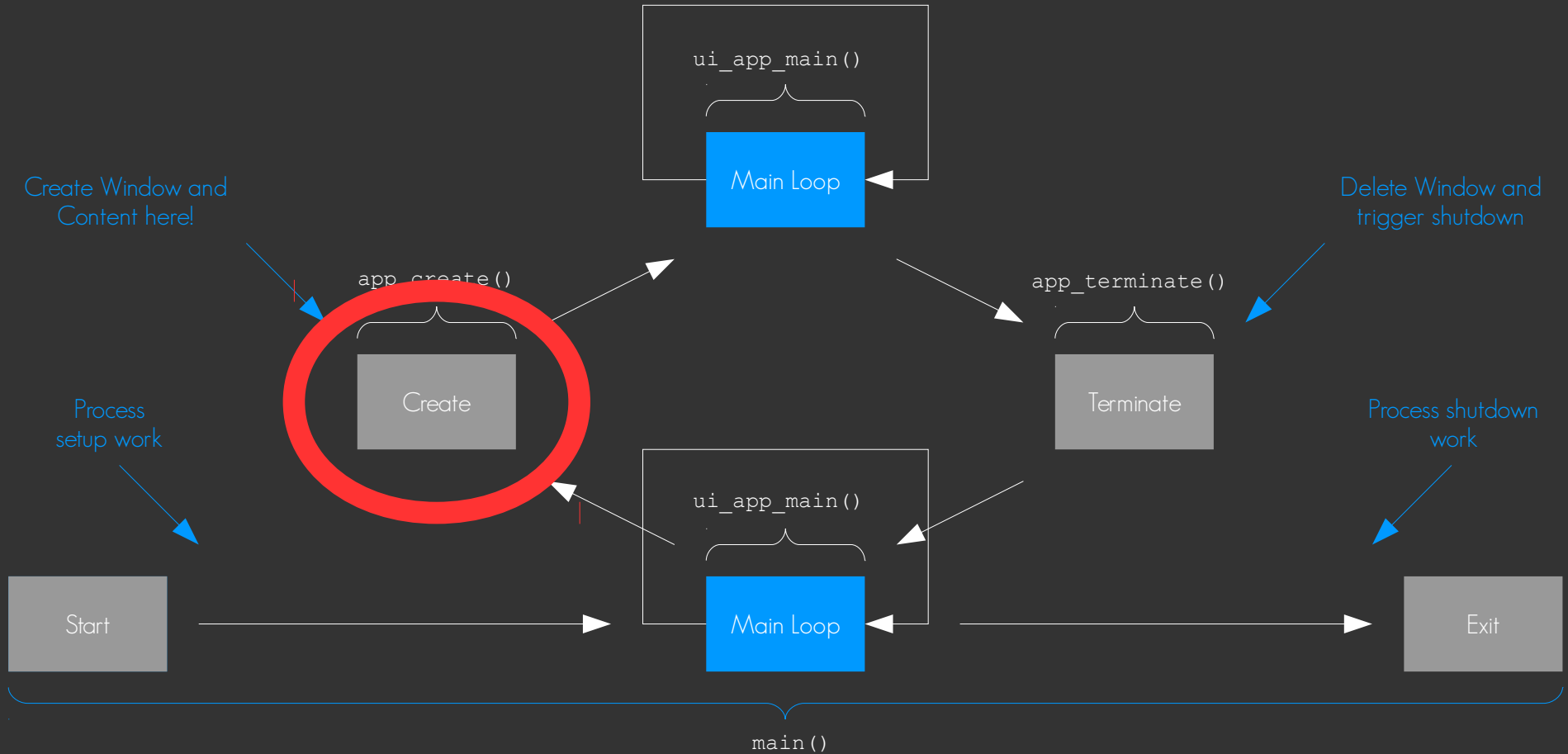
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    - Mainloop “collects results & implements display state”
    - Use ecore thread infra to save re-inventing the wheel
- If you have issues, **please report/bring them up!**

# Now ... Back to the Window that is created



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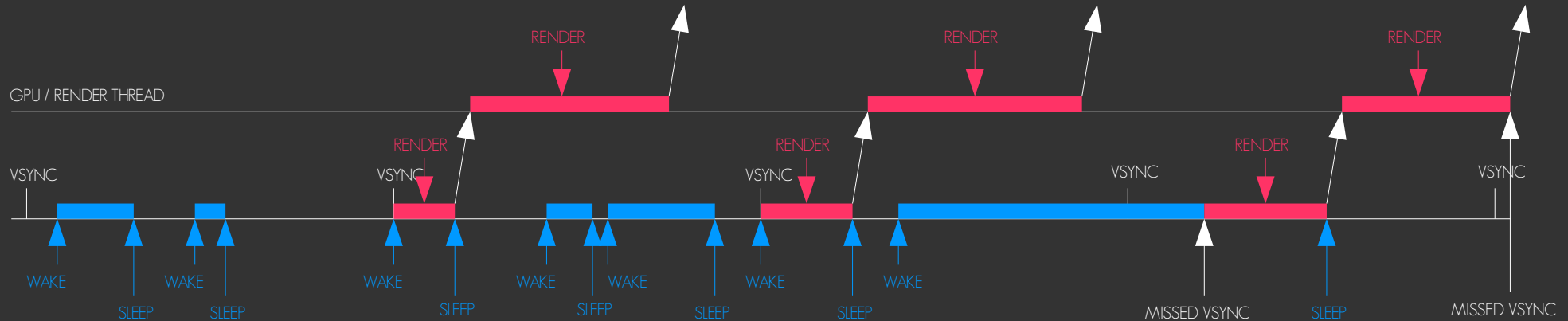
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    - Hidden/abstracted so acceleration methods can be dramatically changed

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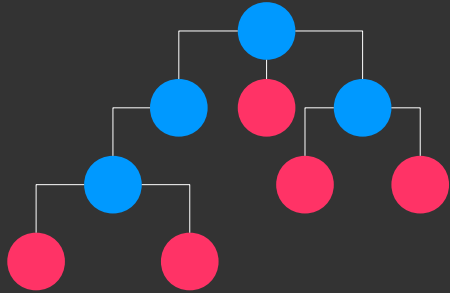
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    - Hidden/abstracted so acceleration methods can be dramatically changed



# Scene Graph

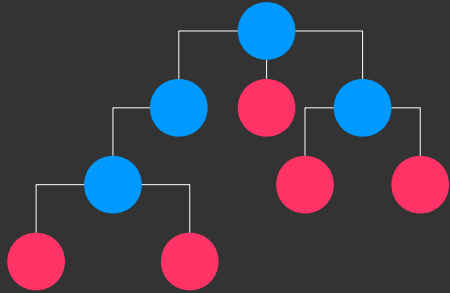
# Scene Graph

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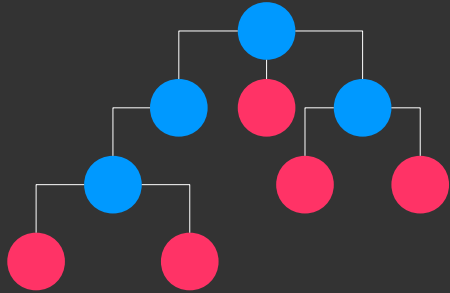
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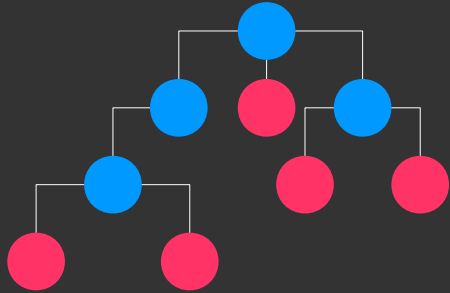


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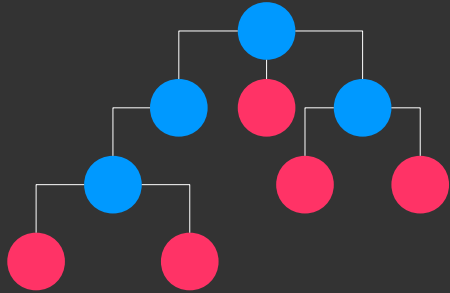
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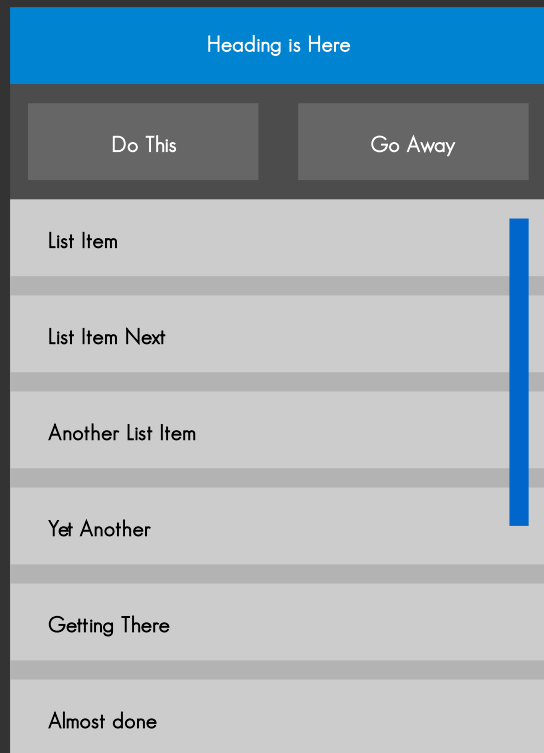
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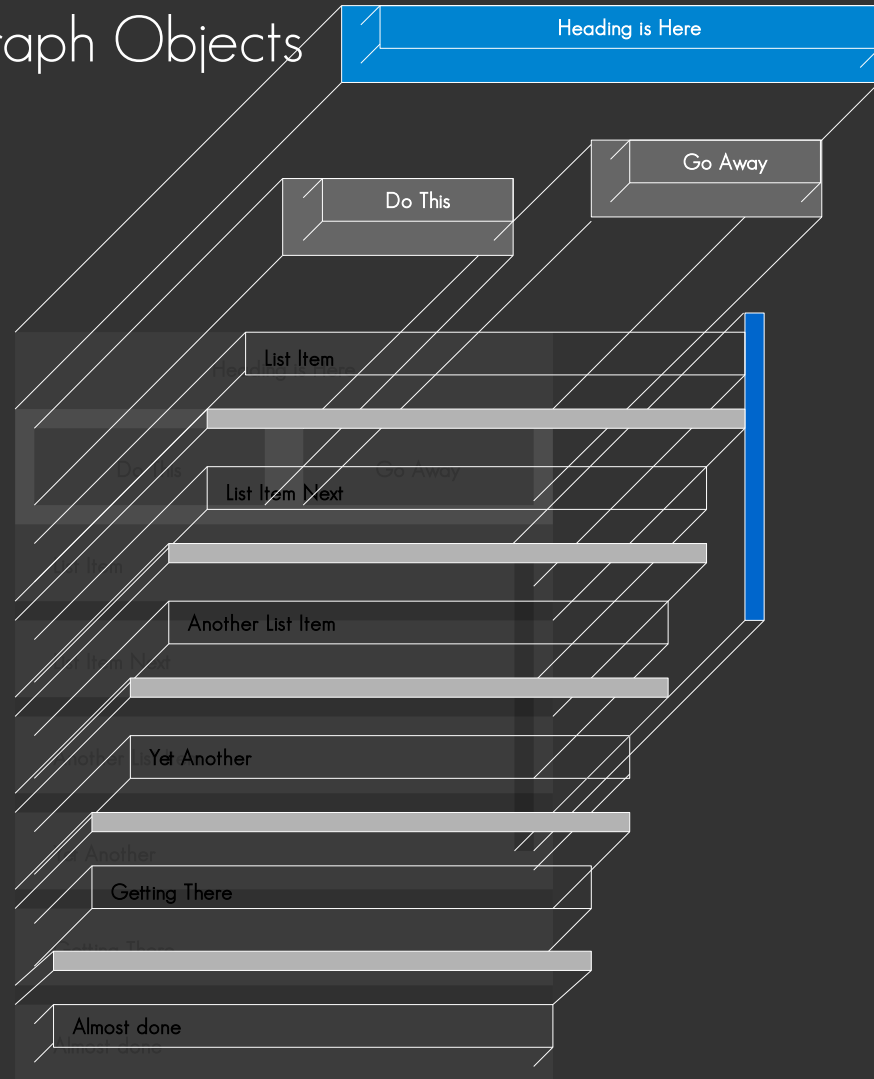
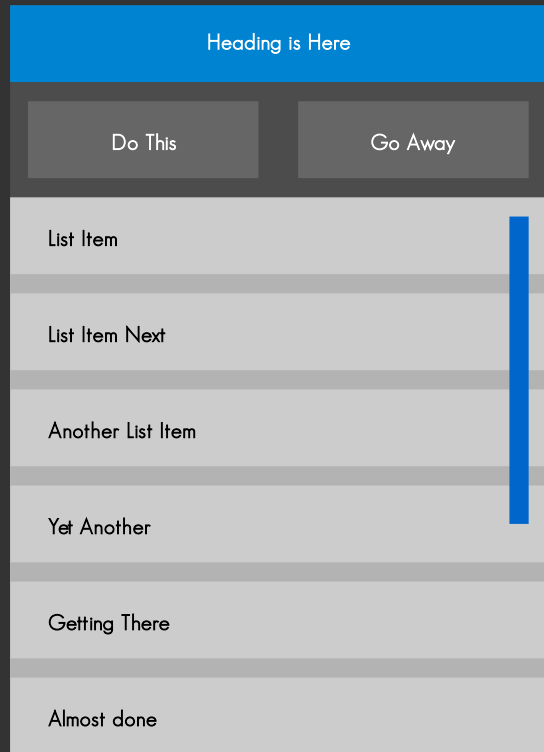
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- Basic objects
  - Rectangle
  - Image (images, buffers, proxies)
  - Text (single line simple text)
  - Textblock (multi-line formatted text)
  - Textgrid (for grids of chars)
  - Polygon (used for event regions)
  - Line (really limited)
  - VG (Vector Graphic)
  - 3D

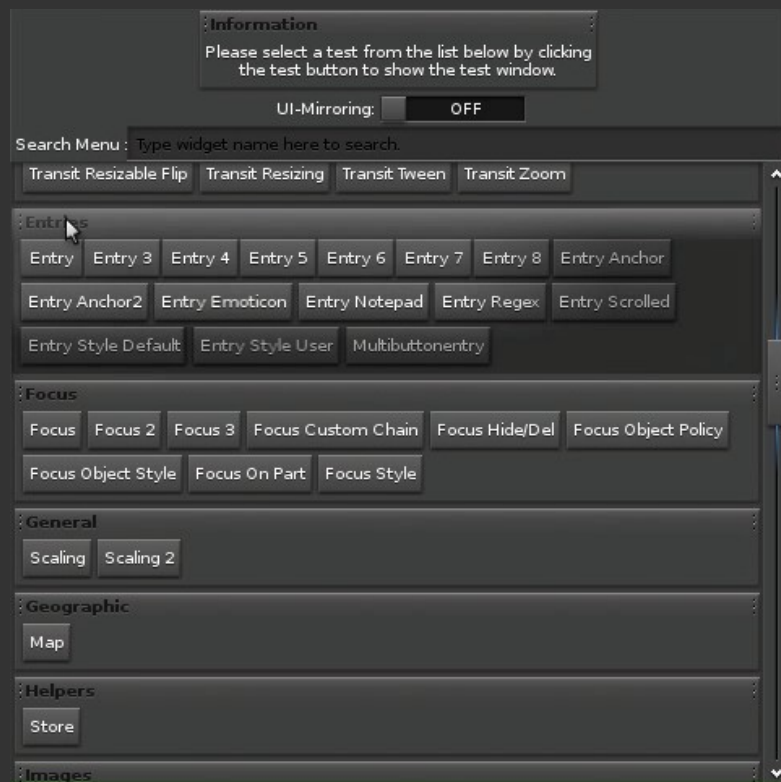
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# Object Components & Layers



Queue deferred render

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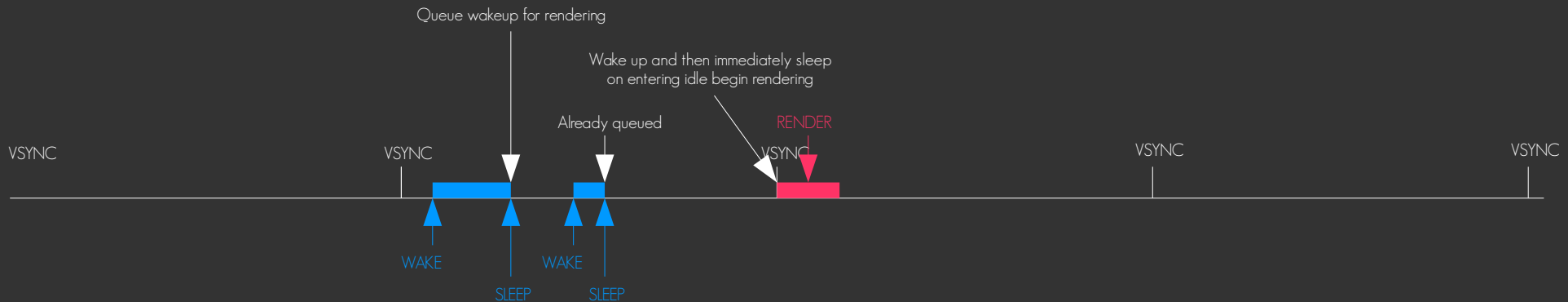
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    - Focus, accessibility, packing, child deletion, ...
  - Uses Edje to define some internal layout/look and animation

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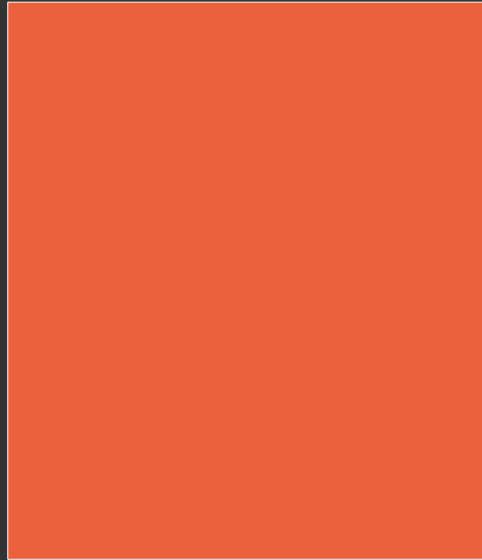
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    - Works on Desktop OpenGL too (Linux, OSX, SDL)
      - Gives you an OpenGL-ES 1.1/2.0 API to use across all targets
  - You can have multiple GL Views in a window
    - Even inside lists, scrollers
    - Mixed with other standard widgets and objects that can be used for game HUD

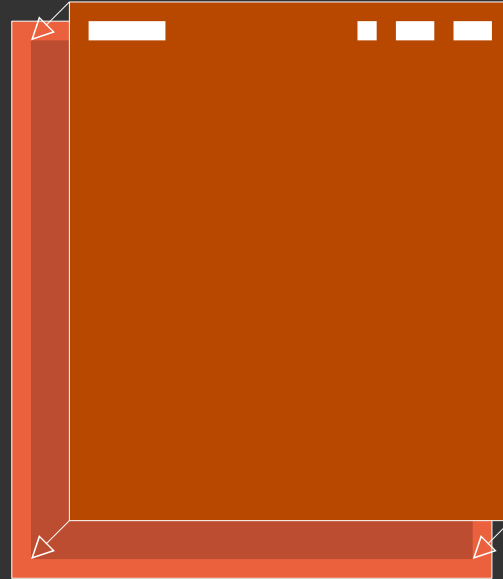
# Containers & Scaling

- EFL loves containers



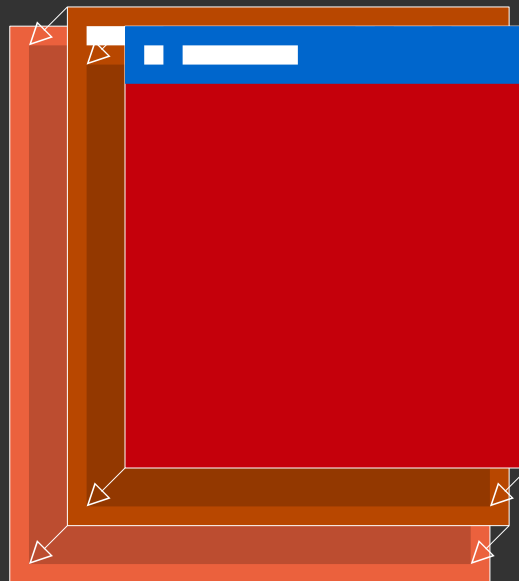
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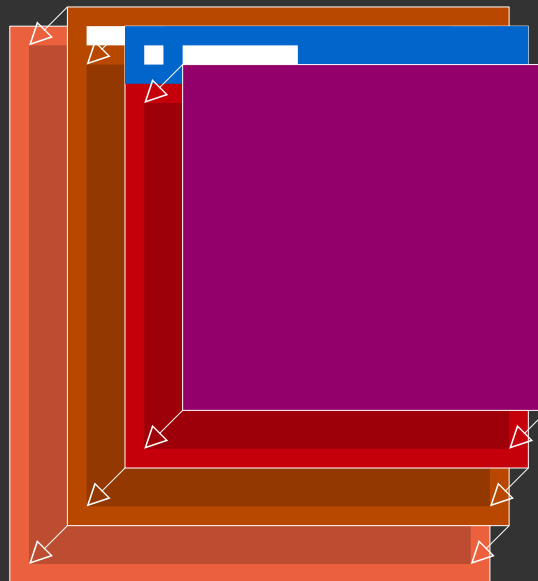
- EFL loves containers
  - You put a Conformant in a Window
  - You put a Naviframe in a Conformant





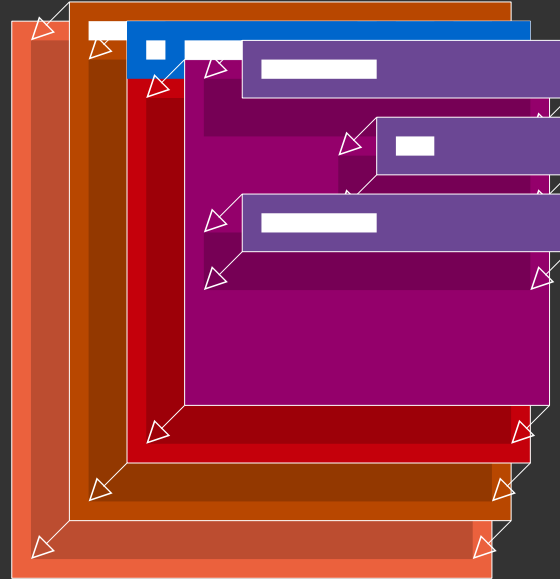
# Containers & Scaling

- EFL loves containers
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  - You put a Naviframe in a Conformant
  - You add a Naviframe page
  - You put a Table in the Naviframe page



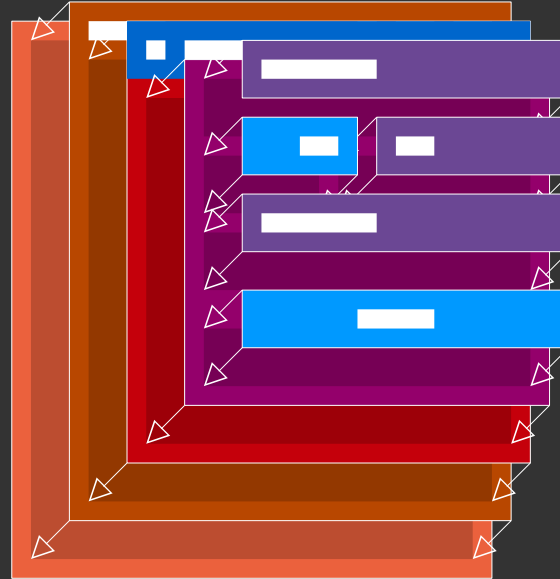
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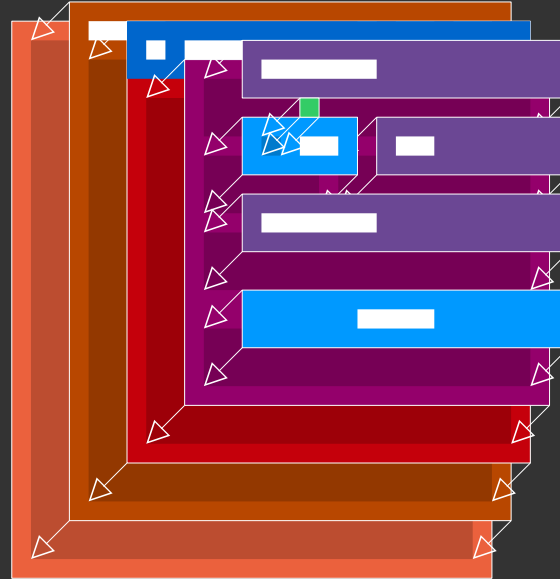
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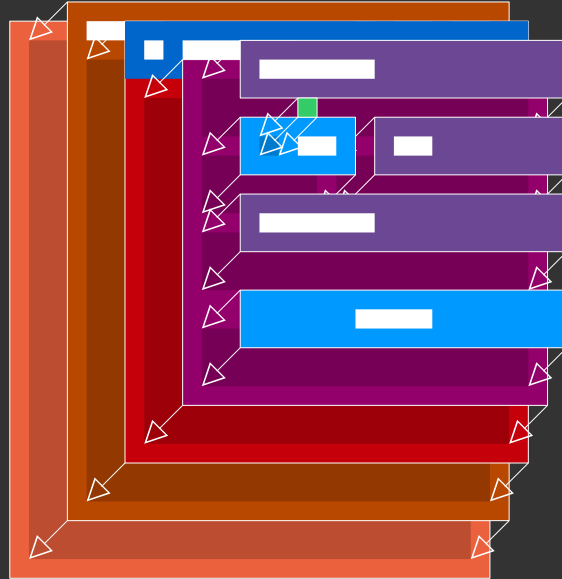
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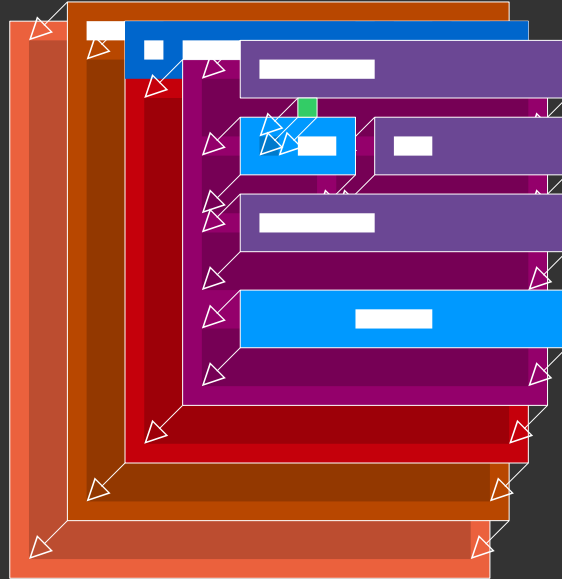
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- If you use containers correctly, your UI can scale AND resize properly



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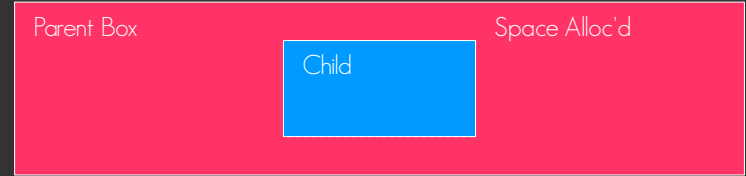
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  - You put Entries in the Table
  - You put Buttons in the Table
  - You put an Icon in the Button
- If you use containers correctly, your UI can scale AND resize properly
  - This is like HTML with `<DIV>` in a `<DIV>` in a `<TABLE>` in a ...



# Size Hinting

Defaults

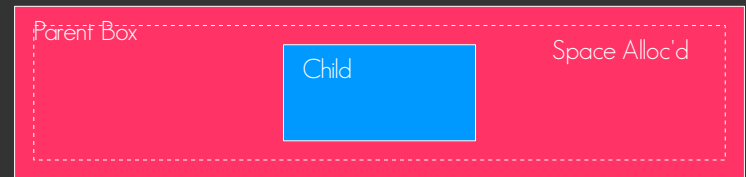
Weight	0.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5



Weight	1.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5



Weight	1.0	1.0
Align	0.5	0.5

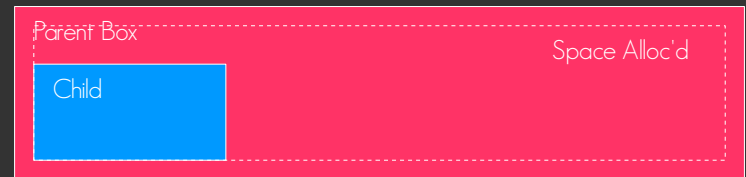
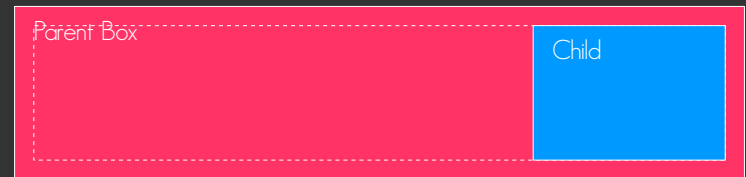


Weight	1.0	1.0
Align	1.0	-1



-1 = FILL

Weight	1.0	1.0
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# Size Hinting

- Parent Widget decides how to arrange children

Defaults

Weight	0.0	0.0
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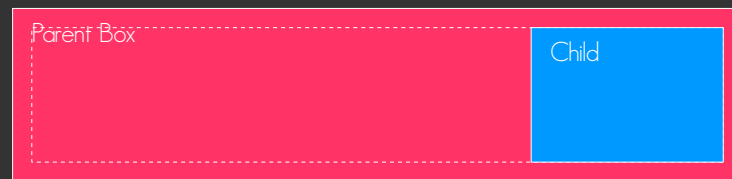


Weight	1.0	1.0
Align	0.5	0.5

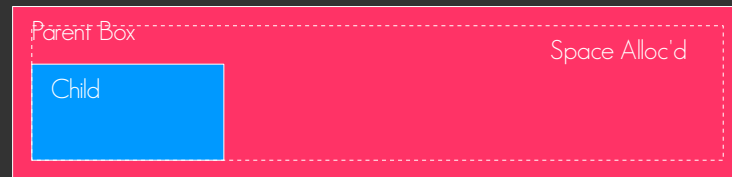


Weight	1.0	1.0
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Defaults

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Align	0.5	0.5

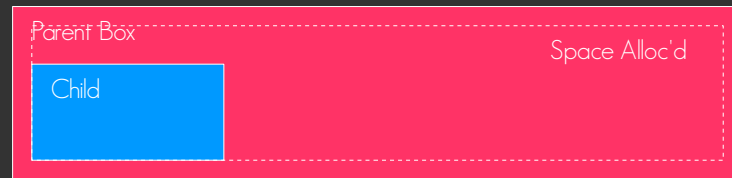
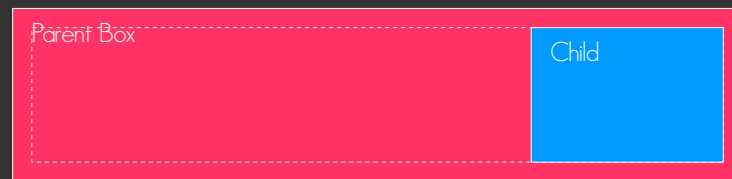
Weight	1.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5

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Align	0.5	0.5

Weight	1.0	1.0
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Weight	1.0	1.0
Align	0.0	1.0



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- Parent Widget decides how to arrange children
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- Object **hints** determine if a child fills an/or expands its allocated area

Defaults

Weight	0.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5

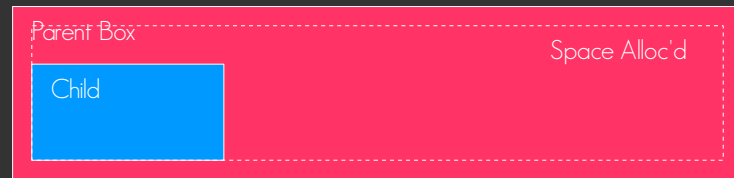
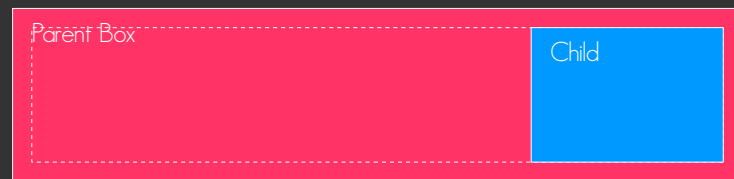
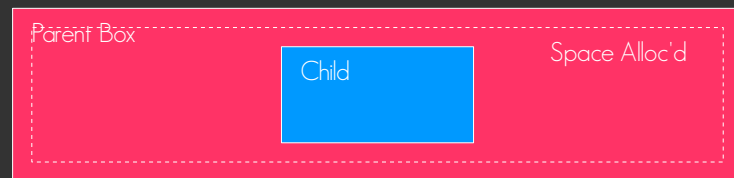
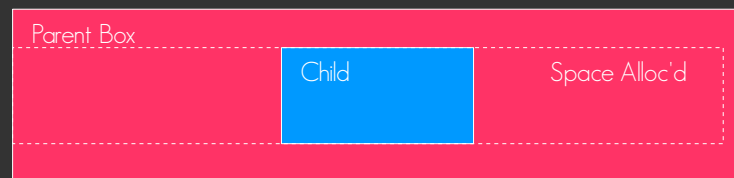
Weight	1.0	0.0
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  - **Align** and **Weight** do this

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Weight	0.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5

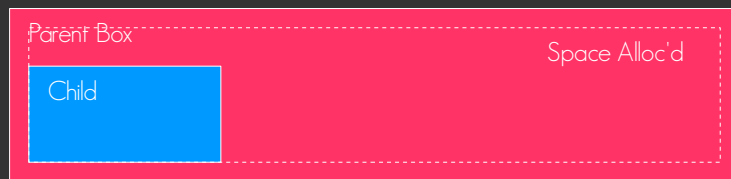
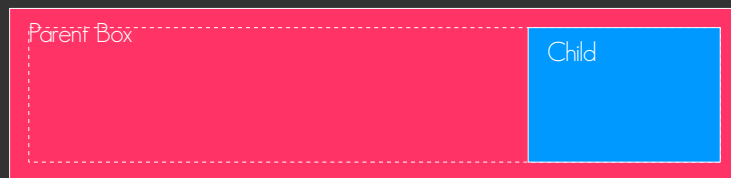
Weight	1.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5

Weight	1.0	1.0
Align	0.5	0.5

Weight	1.0	1.0
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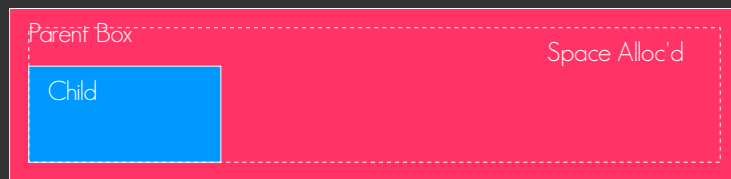
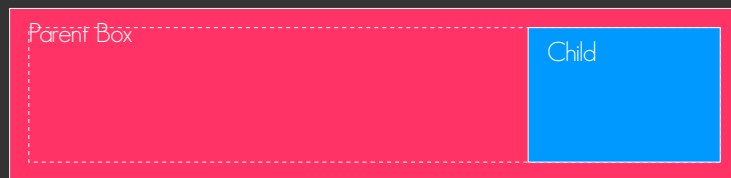
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- Parent Widget decides how to arrange children
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  - **Align** and **Weight** do this
  - Some widgets **ONLY** use **Weight**
  - Objects do **NOT Fill** and do **NOT Expand** by default

Defaults

Weight	0.0	0.0
Align	0.5	0.5

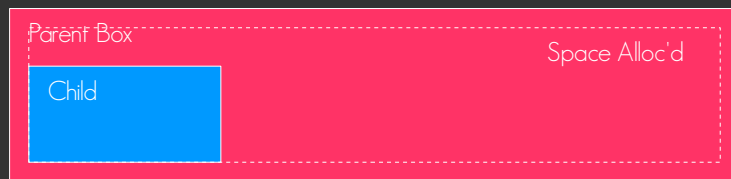
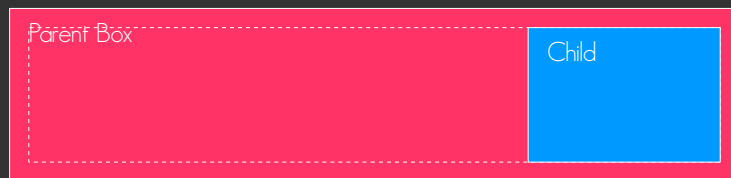
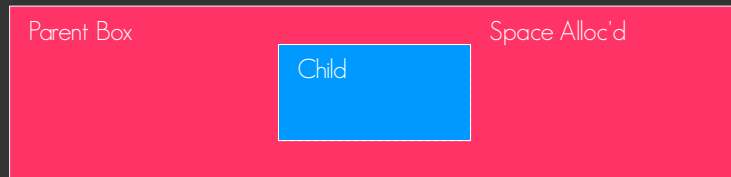
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Weight	1.0	1.0
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- Window, Conformant, Part content (Layouts and other widgets)
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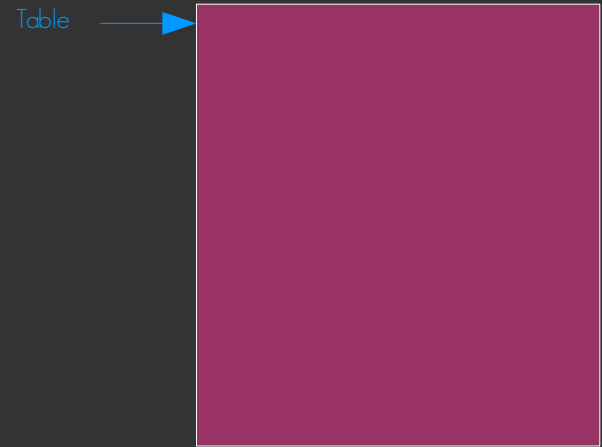
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  - Use only **Weight**
- Everything else uses both **Weight** and **Align**
- All elm widgets control their own min size EXCEPT
  - Grids never calculate their own min size – you may control it
  - Glview never calculates its own size
- Never set min (or max) size if already controlled by object

# Min Size Control Trick

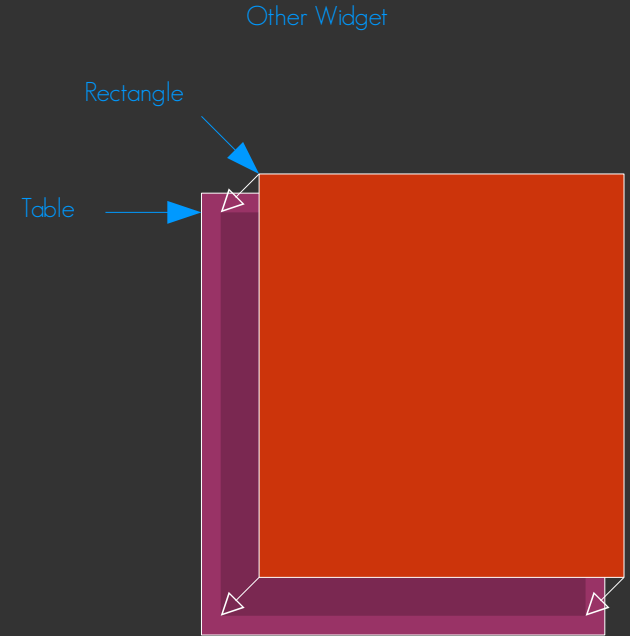
# Min Size Control Trick

- Make Elm Table



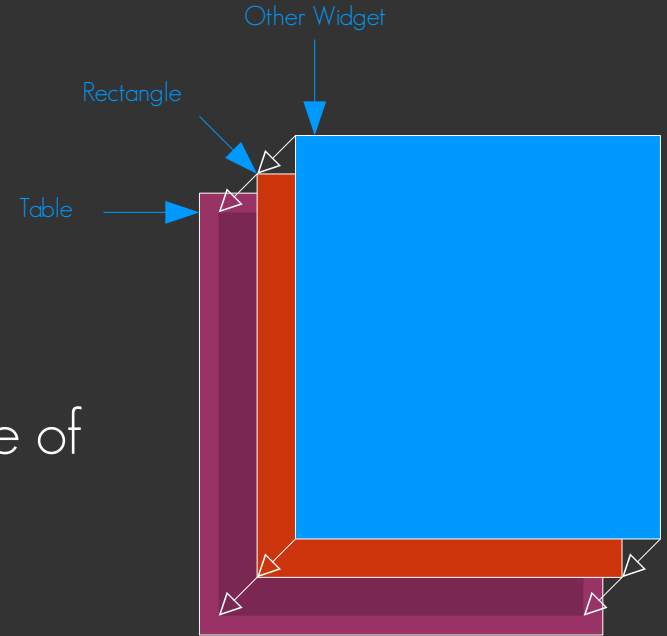
# Min Size Control Trick

- Make Elm Table
- Make Evas Rectangle (do not show it)
- Pack Rectangle at 0, 0, 1x1



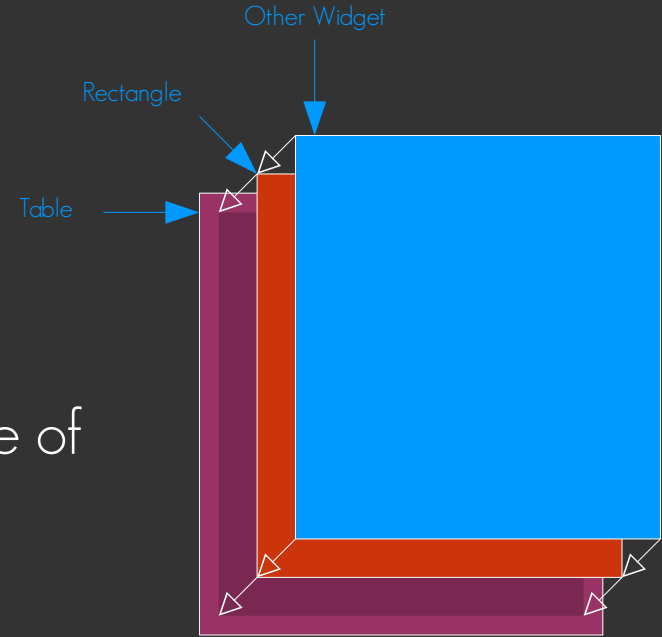
# Min Size Control Trick

- Make Elm Table
- Make Evas Rectangle (do not show it)
- Pack Rectangle at  $0, 0, 1 \times 1$
- Create *other widget* you want to control min size of
- Pack *other widget* in same Table at  $0, 0, 1 \times 1$



# Min Size Control Trick

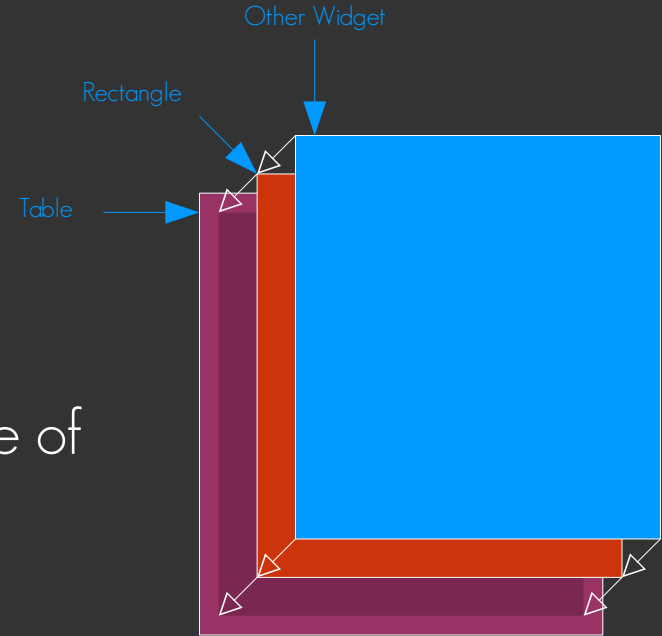
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- Make Elm Table
- Make Evas Rectangle (do not show it)
- Pack Rectangle at 0, 0, 1x1
- Create *other widget* you want to control min size of
- Pack *other widget* in same Table at 0, 0, 1x1
- Set min size desired on Rectangle
- This gives a second control point (Rectangle object) to set hints on.



# Manual Positioning

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- You can manually move/resize widgets and objects, BUT...

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- Not recommended unless you enjoy ... The way of PAIN

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## Other Events

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`EVAS_CALLBACK_DEL`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_SHOW`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_HIDE`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_MOVE`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_RESIZE`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_RESTACK`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_CHANGED_SIZE_HINTS`

`EVAS_CALLBACK_IMAGE_PRELOADED`

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int stride = evas_obj_image_stride_get(obj);  
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    - This will try and use zero-copy for textures with OpenGL, SW is always zero-copy

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- Premultiplied Alpha always produces correct destination buffer Alpha

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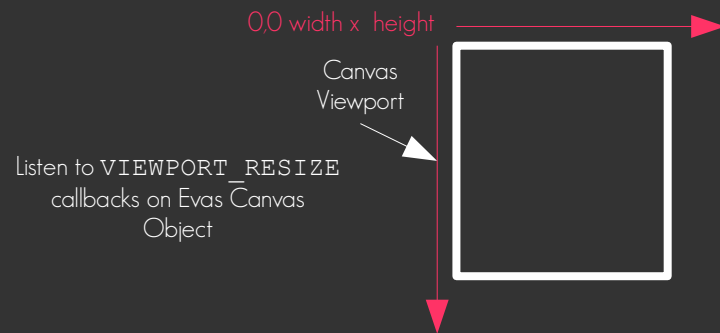
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  - Do not abuse Genlist and Gengrid for generic scrollable UIs

# “Infinite Scrolling” Trick

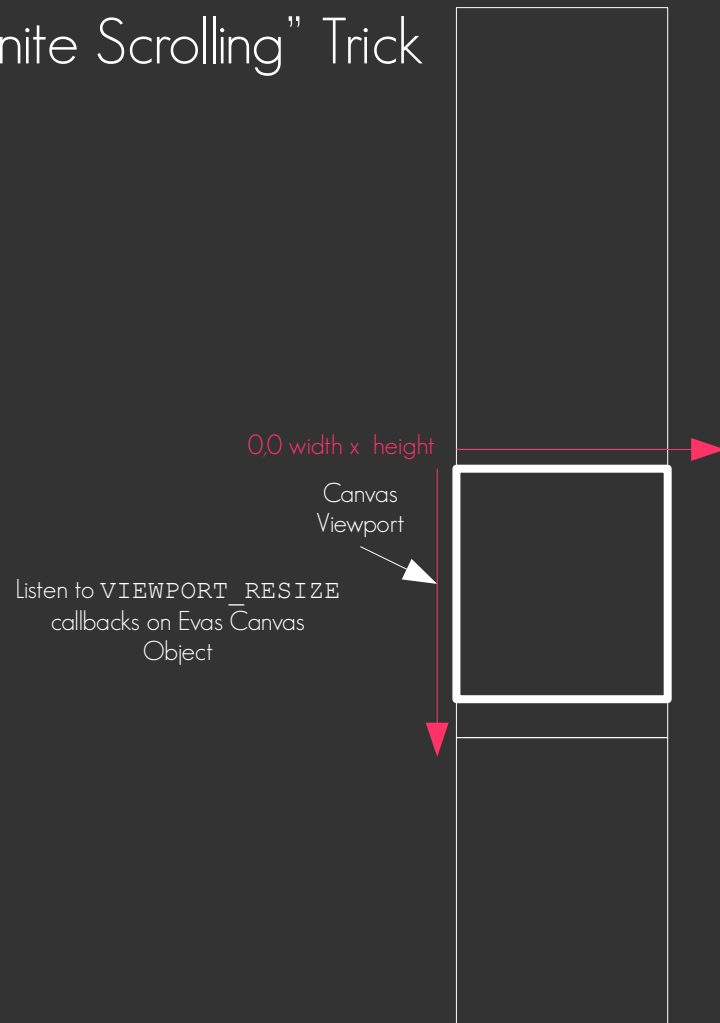
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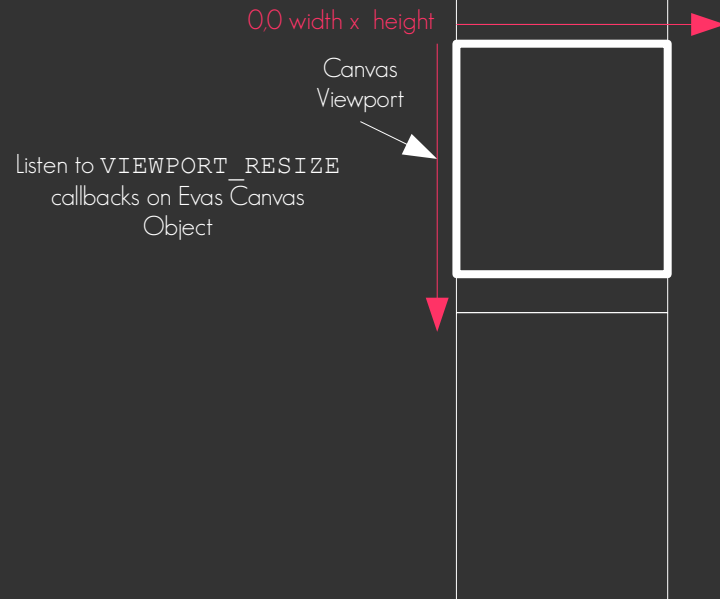
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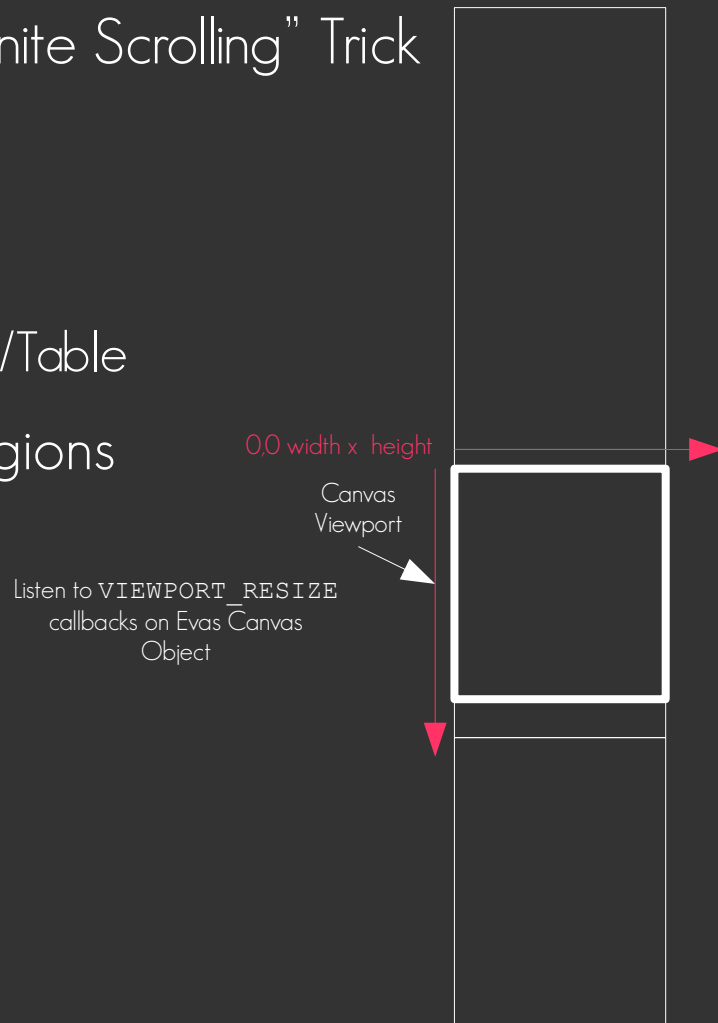
- Add a Scroller
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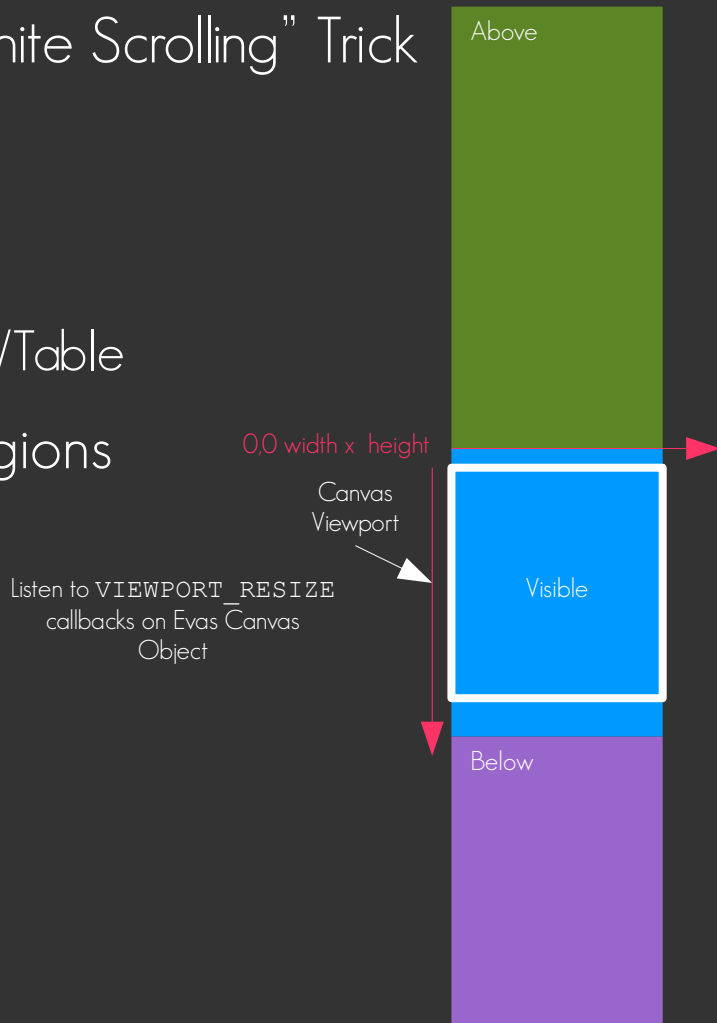
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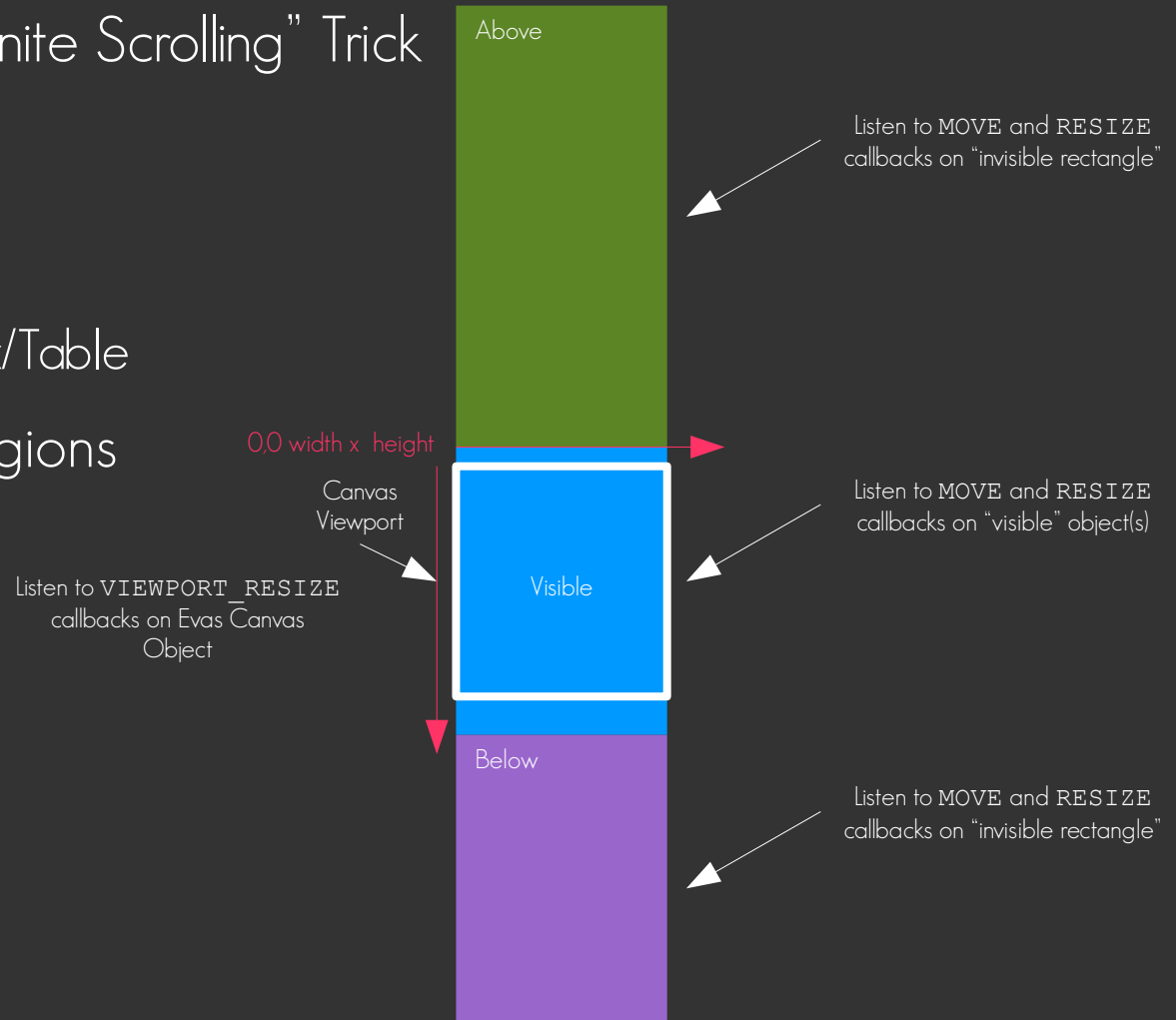
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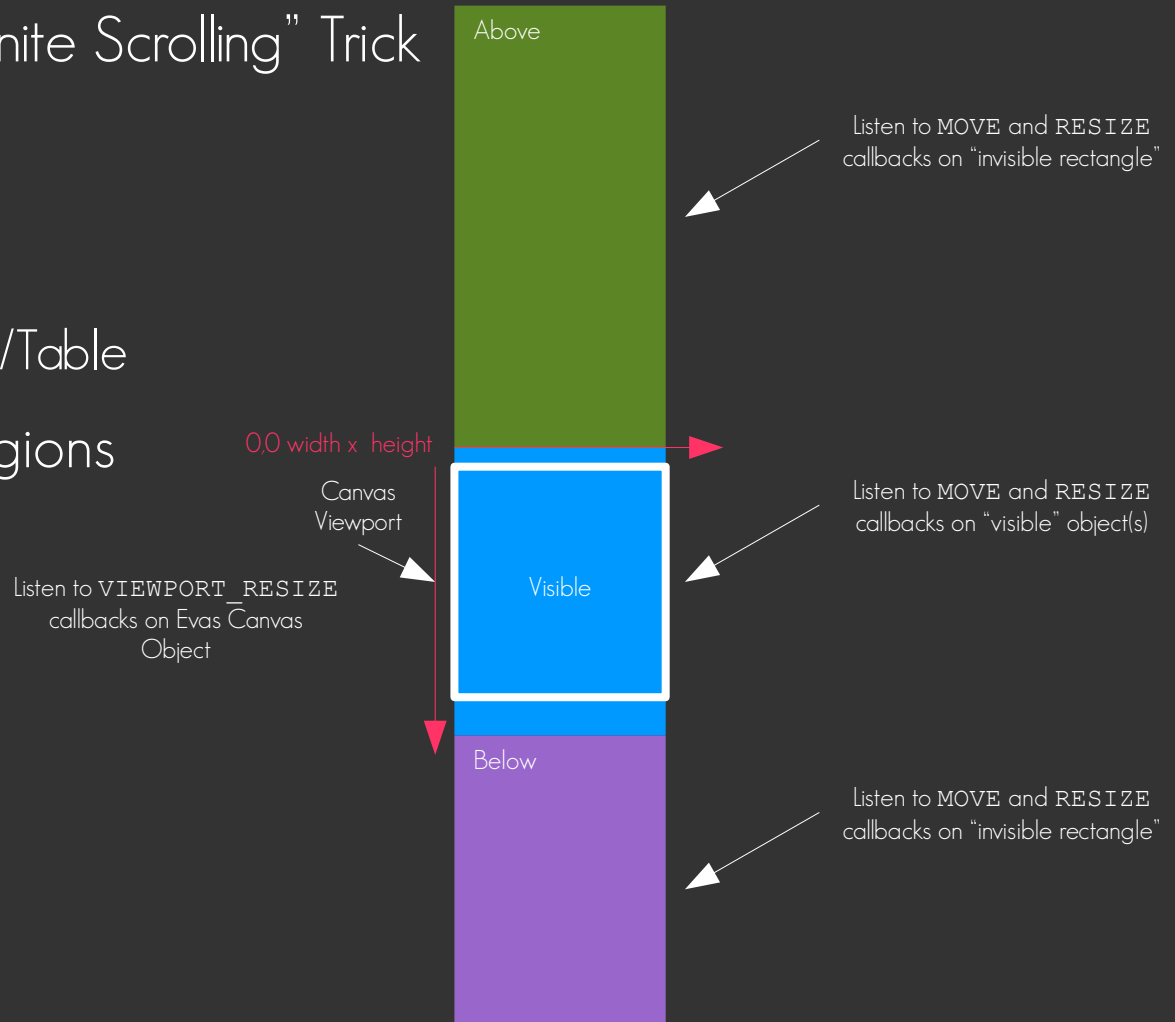
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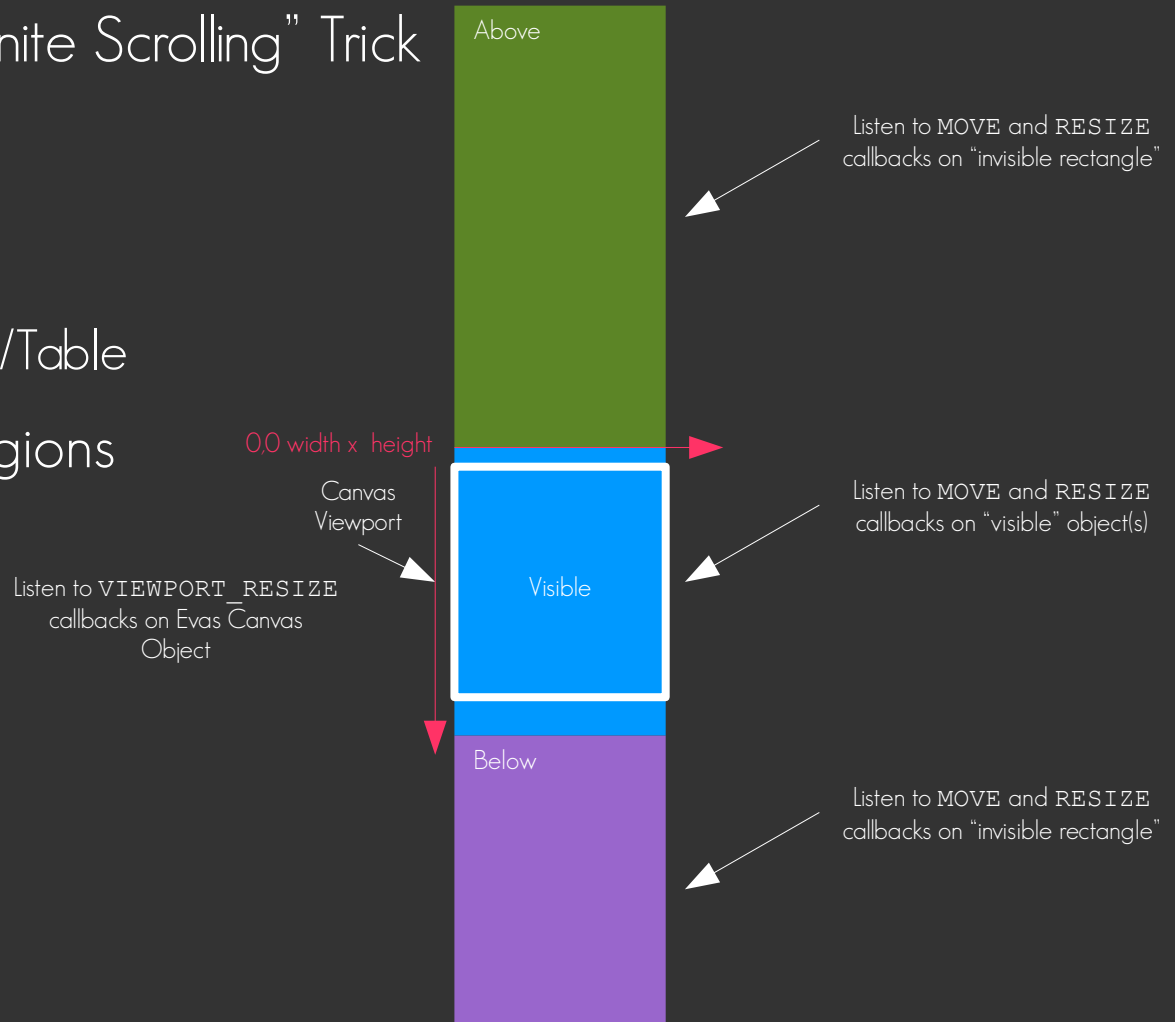
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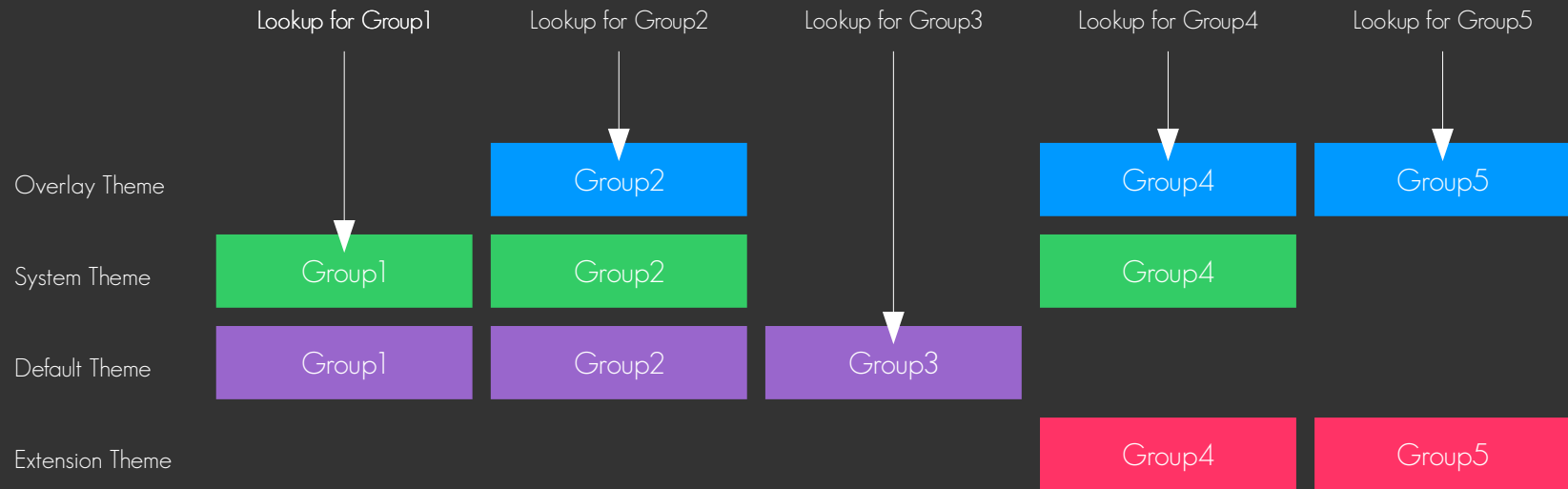
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  - Add new styles instead of override



# Theme Style Lookup



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  - Designed as an “overgrown PSD file”
    - Multiple layers
    - Layers can move/resize/show/hide/change color & transparency
    - Layers can point to image data to use, be text or rectangles
    - The stored states of layers can be changed in response to signals (e.g from events or app)
    - State changes can animate by interpolating between states
- What Edje is NOT

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- What Edje is NOT
  - An application UI design system
  - A widget layout system
  - A chicken

# EDC

```
collections {
  images {
    image: "icon.png" LOSSY 80; // encode icon.png with lossy 80% quality
  }
  group { name: "my/group"; // name of this group in the collections
    parts {
      part { name: "base"; type: RECT; // a "base" part that is a rect
        description { state: "default" 0.0; // the default state
          color: 255 128 0 255; // orange
        }
        description { state: "active" 0.0; // an active state
          color: 255 255 0 255; // yellow
        }
      }
      part { name: "icon"; // icon part - default type is image
        description { state: "default" 0.0; // the default state
          rel2.relative: 0.5 1.0; // rel2 (bottom right) relative to middle
          image.normal: "icon.png";
        }
      }
      part { name: "label"; type: TEXT; // label part
        description { state: "default" 0.0; // the default state
          rel1.to: "icon"; // top-left relative to the icon
          rel1.relative: 1.0 0.0; // relative to top-right of icon
          color: 255 255 255 255; // white
          text.font: "Sans"; text.size: 10; // 10 px Sans font
          text.text: "Hello"; // text content to show
        }
        description { state: "active" 0.0; // an active state
          inherit: "default" 0.0; // copy state from default then modify
          color: 0 0 0 255; // black
          text.text: "Clicked"; // a new text label
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
programs {
  program { // when mouse button 1 is down on label
    signal: "mouse,down,1"; source: "label";
    action: STATE_SET "active" 0.0; // set state to active
    transition: SINUSOIDAL 0.5; // over 0.5 sec with sinusoidal interp
    target: "label"; // do it to label
    target: "base"; // do it to base
  }
  program { // when mouse button 1 is released on label
    signal: "mouse,up,1"; source: "label";
    action: STATE_SET "default" 0.0; // set state to default
    transition: SINUSOIDAL 1.0; // over 1 sec with sinusoidal interp
    target: "label"; // do it to label
    target: "base"; // do it to base
  }
}
```

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    - Coming in future - you can download source from [git.enlightenment.org](http://git.enlightenment.org)

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  - Gives you rapid feedback on your changes to save a lot of time and effort
  - Eflite is even better and is almost pure-GUI EDJE file editing
    - Coming in future - you can download source from [git.enlightenment.org](http://git.enlightenment.org)
- EDC files go through CPP so you can use `#include`, `#define`, `#ifdef` etc.

# EDC

```
#define IMAGE(x) images.image: x LOSSY 80
#define DEF "default" 0.0
#define ACT "active" 0.0
#define TRANS(x) SINUSOIDAL x
#define TARGETS target: "label"; target: "base"
#define SIGSRC(x, y) signal: x; source: x
collections {
  IMAGE("icon.png");
  group { name: "my/group";
    parts {
      part { name: "base"; type: RECT; // a "base" part that is a rect
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    TARGETS;
  }
}
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```

Last - 3D Effects

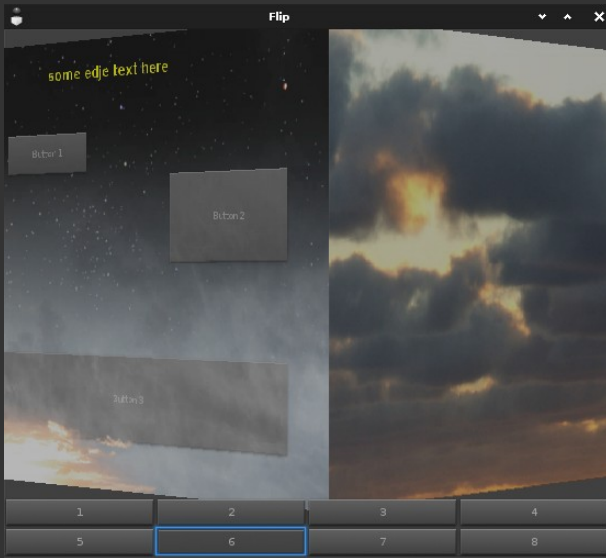
You don't need OpenGL

## 2.5D Mapping

- You can do 2.5D/3D effects on any object

## 2.5D Mapping

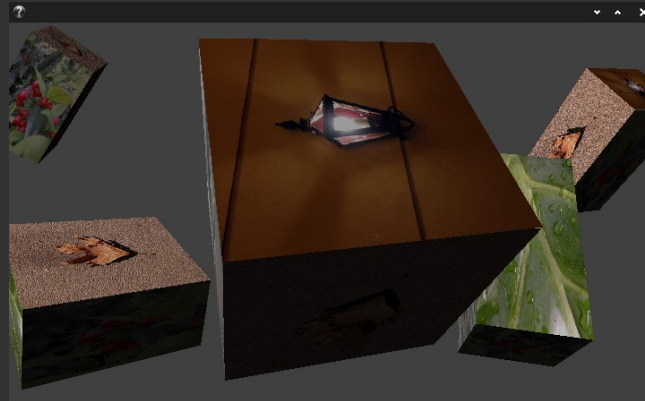
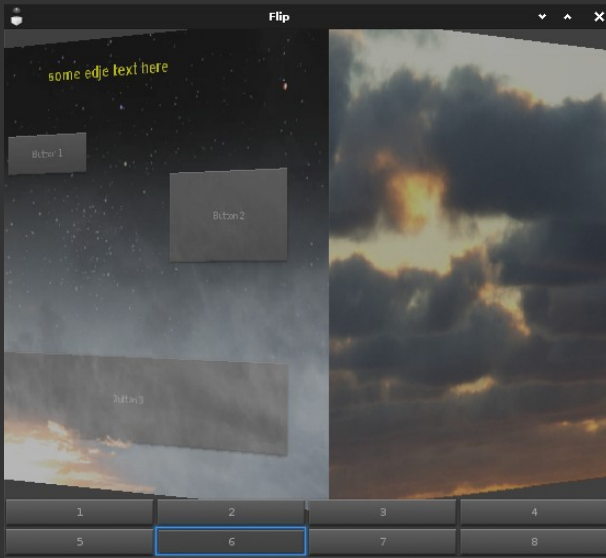
- You can do 2.5D/3D effects on any object
- With imagination you can do 3D simple 3D objects with multiple maps





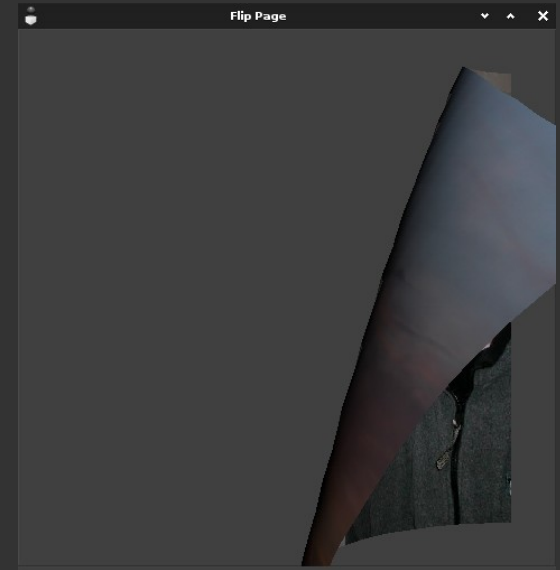
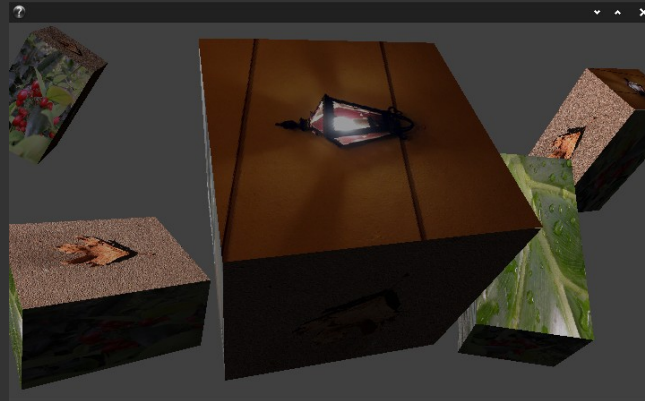
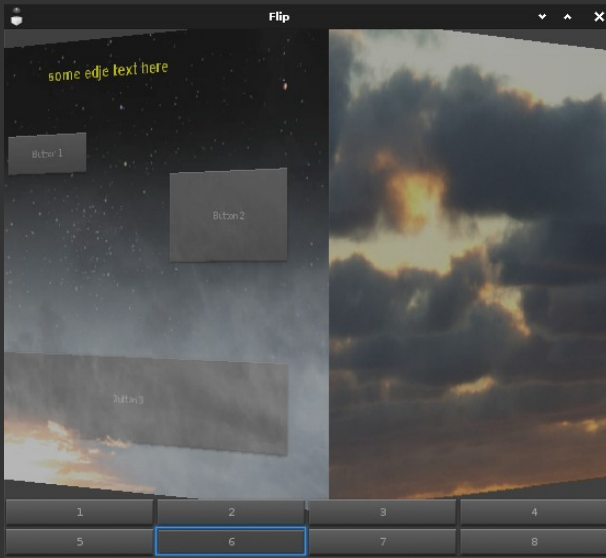
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## 2.5D Mapping

```
Evas_Map *m = evas_map_new(4); // new 4 point map - only 4 points are actually guaranteed to work
evas_map_util_points_populate_from_object(m, obj); // fill map points from current object geometry
evas_map_util_3d_rotate(m, 30.0, 20.0, 10.0, center_x, center_y, 0); // rotate map around a center point
evas_map_util_3d_perspective(m, center_screen_x, center_screen_y, 0, pixels_from_camera_to_screen_plane);
evas_object_map_set(obj, m); // set map for this object
evas_map_free(m); // free it - object will retain a reference and release when it is done
evas_object_map_enable_set(obj, EINA_TRUE); // enable the map that is set
```

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- Many more ways to use maps to “map an object somewhere else”
- Is useful even for 2D rotations as well

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- If it's hard – you're probably doing it wrong
- Use the facilities provided to save time
  - The higher level ones save more time
- Ask questions to learn and make better code
  - Real humans are here and happy to talk to you

# Links

- <http://developer.tizen.org>
  - SDK, API Documentation and more
- <http://www.enlightenment.org>
  - Upstream EFL API development project
- <http://git.enlightenment.org/core/elementary.git/tree/data/themes>
  - Lots of sample EDC files for Edje (a complete theme within this tree of files)
- <http://git.enlightenment.org/core/elementary.git/tree/src/bin>
  - Lots of sample code showing how to use lots of Elm APIs
- <http://developer.tizen.org/forums>
  - Tizen developer forums for help and advice
- <http://www.tizen.org/community/mailling-lists>
  - Mailing lists for Tizen development
- <http://www.tizen.org/community/irc>
  - Internet Chat for Tizen
- <https://www.enlightenment.org/contact>
  - IRC and E-Mail information for EFL upstream development